ACE Basin (ACE) NERR Meteorological Metadata

January - June 2025

Latest Update: -057/1521/2025

Note: This is a provisional metadata document; it has not been authenticated as of its download date. Contents of this document are subject to change throughout the QAQC process and it should not be considered a final record of data documentation until that process is complete. Contact the CDMO (cdmosupport@baruch.sc.edu) or reserve with any additional questions.

I. Data Set and Research Descriptors

1) Principal investigator(s) and contact persons -

SCDNR/Marine Resources Division 217 Fort Johnson Road Charleston, SC 29422 (843) 953-9300 ACE Basin NERR field station 15717 Bennett's Point Road Green Pond, SC 29441 (843) 844-8822

Contact Persons:

Dr. Denise Sanger, Research Coordinator Contact: <u>Sangerd@dnr.sc.gov</u> (843) 953-9074

Makayla Stewart, SWMP Biologist

Contact: Stewart-morrowm@dnr.sc.gov

2) Entry verification -

a) Data Input Procedures:

Meteorological data is recorded in 15-minute intervals and stored in a Campbell Scientific CR1000X data logger. ACE staff uses a data storage card to serve as a back-up for the CR1000X data logger. The program that controls the sampling, schedule, and storage of data by the CR1000X is provided by CDMO.

The CR1000X is interfaced with the Campbell Scientific's LoggerNet software. ACE staff downloads and troubleshoots LoggerNet programs with a direct connection to the weather station, using a laptop computer and a USB cable. The GOES satellite system also uploads all 15-minute meteorological data summaries to a NOAA server every hour. These multiple methods of data retrieval ensure that all measured parameters are reported.

b) Data are uploaded from the CR1000X data logger to a personal computer with Windows 10 or newer operating system. Files are exported from LoggerNet in a comma-delimited format and uploaded to the CDMO where they undergo automated primary QAQC and become part of the CDMO's online provisional database. During primary QAQC, data are flagged if they are missing or out of sensor range. The edited file is then returned to the reserve where it is opened in Microsoft Excel and processed using the CDMO's NERRQAQC Excel macro. The macro inserts station codes, creates metadata worksheets for flagged data and summary statistics, and graphs the data for review. It allows the user to apply QAQC flags and codes to the data, append files, and export the resulting data file to the CDMO for tertiary QAQC and assimilation into the CDMO's authoritative online database. For more information on QAQC flags and QAQC codes, see Sections 11 and 12.

Denise Sanger and Makayla Stewart were responsible for data and data management tasks. Makayla Stewart downloaded data and completed deployment logs during 2025.

3) Research objectives -

The meteorological long-term monitoring program at the ACE Reserve began on March 2, 2001. The principal objective of the program is to record long-term meteorological data for the ACE Basin NERR in order to observe any environmental changes or trends over time. The weather station is located at the Bennett's Point field station on Mosquito Creek, a navigable tributary of the Ashepoo River. A Campbell electronic data logger is programmed to

monitor temperature, relative humidity, barometric pressure, wind speed and direction, rainfall, and Photosynthetically Active Radiation (PAR). The logger is programmed to record the parameters at fifteen-minute intervals.

4) Research methods -

Campbell Scientific data telemetry equipment was installed at the Bennett's Point station on 06/30/2006 and transmits data to the NOAA GOES satellite, NESDIS ID #3B01E672. The transmissions are scheduled hourly at 0:01:10 after the hour and contain four (4) data sets reflecting fifteen-minute data sampling intervals. Upon receipt by the CDMO, the data undergoes the same automated primary QAQC process detailed in Section 2 above. The "real-time" telemetry data become part of the provisional dataset until undergoing secondary and tertiary QAQC and assimilation in the CDMO's authoritative online database. Provisional and authoritative data are available at http://cdmo.baruch.sc.edu.

Data were collected in Eastern Standard Time (EST) for the entire year.

The data are downloaded monthly, and in-situ weather conditions are measured with a Kestrel 500 hand-held during the 15-minute reading prior to the download. The in-situ readings are used to verify the accuracy of the readings by the sensors. After downloading data, sensors on the weather station are inspected for damage or debris. If any problems are found, it is repaired and/or cleaned. Tree limbs and other shrubs are cut back to prevent obstruction of the sensors.

The 15-minute data are collected in the following formats for the CR1000/CR1000X:

Averages from 5-second data:

Air Temperature (°C), Relative Humidity (%), Barometric Pressure (mb), Wind Speed (m/s), Wind Direction (degrees), Battery Voltage (volts)

Maximum and Minimum Air Temperature (°C) and their times from 5-second data (these data are available from the reserve)

Maximum Wind Speed (m/s) and time from 5-second data

Wind Direction Standard Deviation (degrees)

Totals:

Precipitation (mm), PAR (millimoles/m²), and Cumulative Precipitation (mm) (Cumulative precipitation is no longer available via export from the CDMO. Please contact the reserve or the CDMO for more information or to obtain these data.)

Sensors are removed and sent back to Campbell Scientific for calibration according to the following guidelines:

- Temperature/Humidity- yearly recalibration
- Precipitation Gauge- yearly recalibration
- Wind Speed/Direction- yearly or every 2 years (depending on the sensor) recalibration
- Barometric Pressure- every 2 years recalibration
- PAR- every 2 years recalibration
- CR1000/CR1000X- every 5 years

Data collected underwent the QA/QC process described in 2b.

5) Site location and character -

The ACE Basin National Estuarine Research Reserve (NERR) is located on the Southeastern Atlantic coast of the United States, including portions of Charleston, Colleton and Beaufort Counties in South Carolina. The study area encompasses the Ashepoo, Combahee, and South Edisto River basins, which empty into St. Helena Sound. Diverse estuarine wetlands provide extensive and complex habitat types for fish and wildlife. The NERR consists of approximately 37231.1 ha (92,000 ac) of tidal marshes. Of this, 26547.4 ha (65,600 ac) are salt marshes, 5503.7 ha (13,600 ac) are brackish marshes and 4896.7 ha (12,100 ac) are freshwater marshes. Interspersed within these three tidal marsh zones are approximately 10521.8 ha (26,000 ac) of managed wetlands, marsh impoundments, and hammock islands. St. Helena Sound comprises approximately 9659.8 ha (23,870 ac) of open coastal marine and estuarine waters.

The weather station is located at the Bennett's Point field station on Mosquito Creek, a navigable tributary of the Ashepoo River. The weather station's latitudinal and longitudinal coordinates are 32.55934 N and -80.45456 W and is located at sea level elevation. The station is approximately 90 m (295 ft) from the creek (800 m [2625 ft] from the Ashepoo River) in a grassy field, 80 m (263 ft) to the southwest of the field station. The closest wind obstructions are oak trees, 25 m (82 ft) to the south and southwest of the weather station and 70 m (230 ft) from a public paved road. The closest SWMP water quality station, Mosquito Creek, is approximately 1655 m (5430 ft) from the weather station.

The Campbell Scientific data logger and the barometric pressure sensor (sensor body at 1.5 m [4.9 ft] and sensor tube at 1.1 m (3.6 ft) are enclosed in a Campbell Scientific enclosure box with moisture/humidity indicators and 4 desiccant packets. A 6.1 m (20 ft) galvanized steel tower elevates the sensors above potential barriers and enhances the performance of each sensor. The PAR sensor and anemometer are attached to a cross-bar at the top of the tower at a height of 6.1 m (20 ft) and the temperature/relative humidity sensor is attached approximately half way up the tower at a height of 3.3 m (10.9 ft). The solar panel is attached to a 2.5 m (8.2 ft) long arm and is oriented to the east at approximately 47-degrees. The tipping bucket rain gauge (1.3 m [4.3 ft] height) is located 2.5 m (8.2 ft) to the southeast of the box on a concrete level platform. The sensors are wired to the CR1000X data logger following the protocol in the CDMO Manual, with minor changes made in order to facilitate the function of upgraded sensors. A new larger enclosure box and solar panel were necessary with the installation of the GOES telemetry system.

Tower and sensor heights	Height (meters)	Notes
Tower	6.1	
Enclosure Box	1.2	
Temperature/Relative Humidity	3.35	
Barometric Pressure	0.3 inside enclosure	1.5 m from tower; height above ground 1.5m
Wind	6.1	
PAR	6.1	
Precipitation gauge	1.3	2.5 m SE from tower

Station Code	Station Name	SWMP Status	Location	Active Dates	Reason Decommissioned	Notes
ACEBPMET	Bennett's Point	P	32° 33' 33.64 N,	03/01/2001 -	NA	NA
			80° 27' 16.41 W			

6) Data collection period -

Weather data have been collected at the ACE Basin NERR Bennett's Point weather station since the station became operational in March 2001. The end times below marked with an asterisk (*) coincide with the last actual reading in that deployment so the times will not be in consecutive order with the following deployment start time. The gap between the end time of one deployment and the begin time of the next deployment is attributed to either missing or rejected data due to in field maintenance, battery failure, or collector error.

File Start Date and Time	File End Date and Time		
12/18/2024 12:15	01/08/2025 12:00		
01/08/2025 12:15	02/06/2025 13:15		
02/06/2025 13:30	03/07/2025 12:00		
03/07/2025 12:15	04/02/2025 <u>0</u> 9:45		
04/02/2025 10:00	05/02/2025 <u>0</u> 9:45		
05/02/2025 10:00	06/18/2025 10:30		
06/18/2025 10:45	07/14/2025 10:45		

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7) Distribution -

NOAA retains the right to analyze, synthesize and publish summaries of the NERRS System-wide Monitoring Program data. The NERRS retains the right to be fully credited for having collected and processed the data. Following academic courtesy standards, the NERR site where the data were collected should be contacted and fully acknowledged in any subsequent publications in which any part of the data are used. The data set enclosed within this package/transmission is only as good as the quality assurance and quality control procedures outlined by the enclosed metadata reporting statement. The user bears all responsibility for its subsequent use/misuse in any further analyses or comparisons. The Federal government does not assume liability to the Recipient or third persons, nor will the Federal government reimburse or indemnify the Recipient for its liability due to any losses resulting in any way from the use of this data.

Requested citation format:

NOAA National Estuarine Research Reserve System (NERRS). System-wide Monitoring Program. Data accessed from the NOAA NERRS Centralized Data Management Office website: http://www.nerrsdata.org/; accessed 12 October 2023.

NERR meteorological data and metadata can be obtained from the Research Coordinator at the individual NERR site (please see Principal Investigators and Contact Persons), from the Data Manager at the Centralized Data Management Office (please see personnel directory under the general information link on the CDMO home page) and online at the CDMO home page www.nerrsdata.org. Data are available in comma delimited format.

8) Associated researchers and projects -

The NERR Water Quality Monitoring Project is a study which records long-term water quality data for the ACE Basin in order to observe any changes or trends in water quality over time. The six sampling sites are in separate tributaries of the South Edisto and Ashepoo Rivers. Two sites represent altered areas or "treatment" sites, two sites represent pristine areas within the Reserve, and two sites expand ACE monitoring into the oligohaline and limnetic zones of the South Edisto River.

Edisto Island (EI) – approximately 14 km (8.70 mi) from the weather station, GPS coordinates: 32.50399 N and -80.32470 W. In January 2015, Edisto Island station replaced Big Bay (BB) station as a primary station, and it is one km upstream of the Big Bay station (See the 2014 metadata report for a description of the Big Bay station). It is located on the dock of the Edisto Interpretive Center at Edisto Beach State Park with a boat landing nearby. There is low residential and docks upstream of the site. The Edisto Island station is bordered by *Spartina alterniflora* marsh, and American oyster forms a reef along the creek bank. The Edisto Island station is designated as a "treatment" site because of the land use practices in the surrounding area.

Fishing Creek (FC) – approximately 8 km (4.97 mi) from the weather station, GPS coordinates: 32.63593 N and -80.36556 W. The station is near Jehossee Island, a protected USFWS property, and is surrounded by extensive *Spartina cynosuroides* marsh and vast mud flats. The upland area is characterized by slash pine, live oak, and cabbage palmetto. The Fishing Creek monitoring station is designated as a "control" site because there is no development in the immediate area, and boat traffic is relatively light in the creek.

Mosquito Creek (MC) – approximately 2 km (1.24 mi) from the weather station, GPS coordinates: 32.5558 N and -80.4380 W. A public boat landing and a commercial seafood business with three commercial shrimp boats and a fueling station are located about 0.8 km (0.5 mi) downstream of the monitoring station. Agriculture fields and impounded wetlands are found upstream of the monitoring station. The Mosquito Creek station is designated as a "treatment" site because of the land use practices in the surrounding area.

St. Pierre Creek (SP) – approximately 9 km (5.59 mi) from the weather station, GPS coordinates: 32.52800 N and -80.36144 W. The station is surrounded by a wide expanse of *Spartina alterniflora* marsh. Extensive mud flats and oyster reefs fringe the banks. Development in the immediate area is sparse, and this creek is subject to light boat traffic. The St. Pierre Creek station is designated as a "control" site.

Grove Plantation (GP) – approximately 12 km (7.46 mi) from the weather station, GPS coordinates: 32.6637 N and -80.4130 W. The station is in the South Edisto River proper and located at the Grove Plantation unit of the ACE Basin National Wildlife Refuge (NWR), which is owned and managed by the US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS). The station is surrounded by tidal freshwater fringe marsh and managed wetlands (aka "waterfowl impoundments"). The upland area is dominated by pine-mixed hardwood forest that is characterized by several species of oaks and pines. During years of normal rainfall, the salinity at this station generally is below 1 psu, but it will increase if rainfall is low.

Jehossee Island (JI) – approximately 9 km (5.59 mi) from the weather station, GPS coordinates: 32.6209 N and -80.3965 W. The station is in the South Edisto River proper and located at the Jehossee Island unit of the ACE Basin NWR, which is owned and managed by the USFWS. The station is surrounded by *Spartina cynosuroides* fringe marsh and managed wetlands (aka "waterfowl impoundments"). The upland area is dominated by inland maritime forest that is characterized by slash pine, live oak, and cabbage palmetto.

Measurements for all sites are taken every fifteen minutes over an approximate two-week or four-week collection period (depending upon fouling previously experienced and future fouling rate expected).

In July 1997, the Reserve staff initiated the nutrient monitoring study. The objective of the study is to ascertain the annual and tidal fluctuations in nutrient levels near our two data logger sites. Nutrient levels were measured at two stations during a complete tidal cycle each month. In January of 2002, the nutrient monitoring protocol (NUT) was added to the NERR System Wide Monitoring Program (SWMP). Nutrient levels are now measured at one station during a complete tidal cycle each month, and surface grabs samples are collected from the primary stations once a month during an ebb tide. Nutrient samples are analyzed for ammonia, nitrite & nitrate, orthophosphate, and chlorophyll a concentrations.

The results from these studies and additional studies conducted in the ACE Basin can be obtained by contacting the Reserve.

II. Physical Structure Descriptors

9) Sensor specifications –

Parameter: Temperature and Relative Humidity

Units: Temperature- Celsius; Relative Humidity- % Model #: HMP45C
Operating Temperature: -40 to +60 °C
Temperature Measurement Range: -40 to +60 °C
Temperature Accuracy: ± 2% °C @ 20 °C
Relative Humidity Measurement Range: 0 - 100% non-condensing RH Accuracy: ± 2% RH (0 - 90%) and ± 3% (90 - 100%)
Uncertainty of calibration: ± 1.2% RH

Temp/RH sensor 1 (Serial Number: D3520073) Date of last calibration: 03/13/2014 Previous Calibrations: N/A Dates of Sensor Use: 07/23/2014 – 04/18/2016 Retired: 04/18/2016

Temp/RH sensor 2 (Serial Number E3010019)

Date of Last Calibration: 02/02/2016

Previous Calibrations: 01/28/2010, 05/03/2013 Dates of Sensor Use: 04/18/2016 – 03/03/2017

Retired: 03/03/2017

Temp/RH sensor 3 (Serial Number: A1710045)

Date of last calibration: 01/28/2017

Previous Calibrations: N/A

Dates of Sensor Use: 03/03/2017 - 04/12/2018

Retired: 04/12/2018

Model #: EE181

Operating Temperature: -40°C to +60 °C

Temperature Measurement Range: -40°C to +60°C

Temperature Accuracy: ± 2% °C @ 23°C

Relative Humidity Measurement Range: 0 - 100% non-condensing

RH Accuracy: –15 to 40 °C: ≤90% RH ± (1.3 + 0.003 • RH reading) % RH

-15 to 40 °C: >90% RH \pm 2.3% RH

-25 to 60 °C: ± (1.4 + 0.01 • RH reading) % RH

-40 to 60 °C: ± (1.5 + 0.015 • RH reading) % RH

Temperature dependence of RH measurement: typically, 0.03% RH/°C

Note: This sensor caps relative humidity values at 100%, measured values >100% are altered to 100%

Temp/RH sensor 1 (Serial Number: 17101600008188)

Date of Last Calibration: 02/04/2020

Previous Calibrations: 03/22/2017 (purchased 03/12/2018)

Dates of Sensor Use: 03/18/2020 - 03/29/2021

Retired: 03/02/2022

Temp/RH sensor 2 (Serial Number: 1841160000234D)

Date of Last Calibration: 02/07/2023

Previous Calibrations: 10/16/2018 (purchased 03/01/2019), 03/17/2021 Dates of Sensor Use: 04/04/2019 – 03/18/2020, 03/29/2021 – 05/04/2022

Retired: 05/04/2023, pins sheared

Temp/RH sensor 3 (Serial Number: 21281600077814)

Date of Last Calibration: 03/4/2024

Previous Calibrations: N/A (purchased 03/02/2022) Dates of Sensor Use: 04/16/2024 – 04/02/2025

Temp/RH sensor 4 (Serial Number: 222016000109CE)

Date of Last Calibration: 02/28/2025

Previous Calibrations: N/A (purchased 05/04/2023)

Dates of Sensor Use: 04/02/2025 - current

Parameter: Barometric Pressure

Units: millibars (mb) Model #: PTB110

Operating Range: 500 mb to 1100 mb Supply Voltage: 12 VDC at 12 mA Accuracy: ± 0.3 mb @ 20 °C ± 0.6 mb @ 0 to 40 °C

 ± 1 mb @ -20 to 45 °C ± 1.5 mb @ -40 to 60 °C

Stability: ± 0.1 mb per year

Operating Temperature Range: -40 to +60 °C

Barometric Pressure sensor 1 (Serial Number: N0650251)

Date of last calibration: 02/07/2022

Previous Calibrations: 05/23/2018 (purchased 05/29/2018)

Dates of Sensor Use: 06/26/2018 - 09/23/2020, 05/04/2022 - 04/16/2024

Barometric Pressure sensor 2 (Serial Number: R1510517)

Date of last calibration: 03/04/2024

Previous Calibrations: N/A (purchased 02/2020)

Dates of Sensor Use: 09/23/2020 - 05/04/2022, 4/16/2024 - current

Parameter: Wind speed and Wind direction

Units: Wind speed- meter per second (m/s); wind direction- degrees

Model #: 3001-L RM Young Wind Sentry Set (1)

Model #: 3002-L RM Young Wind Sentry Set (2)

Wind Speed Sensor Type: 12 cm diameter 4-blade helicoids propeller molded of polypropylene

Range: 0-50 m/s (112 mph); gust survival 60 m/s (134 mph)

Accuracy: ± 0.5 m/s (1.1 mph)

Wind Direction Sensor Type: balanced vane, 16 cm turning radius

Range: 360° mechanical, 355° electrical

Accuracy: ± 5°

Wind Speed/Direction sensor 1 (Serial Number: 2365M3)

Date of last calibration: 02/07/2016

Previous Calibrations: 10/31/2008, 03/02/2013 Dates of Sensor Use: 04/18/2016 – 03/03/2017

Retired: 03/03/2017

Wind Speed/Direction sensor 2 (Serial Number: N/A)

Date of last calibration: 01/31/2017

Previous Calibrations: 06/21/2007, 02/04/2010, 05/06/2013

Dates of Sensor Use: 03/03/2017 - 04/27/2018

Retired: 04/27/2018

Model #: R.M. Young 5103 Wind Monitor

Wind Speed Sensor Type: 18 cm diameter 4-blade propeller molded of polypropylene

Range: 0-100 m/s (224 mph)

Accuracy: ± 0.3 m/s (± 0.6 mph) or 1% of reading

Wind Direction Sensor Type: balanced vane, 38 cm turning radius

Range: 360° mechanical, 355° electrical

Accuracy: ± 3°

Wind Speed/Direction sensor 1 (Serial Number: WM158630)

Date of last calibration: 02/09/2022

Previous Calibrations: 12/21/2017 (purchased 03/12/2018)

Dates of Sensor Use: 04/27/2018 - 03/18/2020, 05/04/2022 - 04/16/2024

Wind Speed/Direction sensor 2 (Serial Number: WM166288)

Date of last calibration: 02/22/2024

Previous Calibrations: N/A (purchased 02/07/2019)

Dates of Sensor Use: 04/16/2024 - current

Parameter: Photosynthetic Active Radiation (PAR)

LI-COR Quantum Sensor

Units: mmoles m-2 (total flux)

Model #: LI-190

Stability: < ± 2% change over a 1-year period

Operating Temperature: -20 to +65 °C

Sensitivity: Typically, 30 µA per 100 klux

Light Spectrum Wavelength: 400 to 700 nanometers

Calibration Factor: 264.70 µmol m⁻² s⁻¹ per mV

Multiplier History and Calibration Dates and Dates Installed:

LI-COR sensor 1 (SN# Q35240)

Calibrated 07/2005 – Installed Aug. 22, 2005 – multiplier 1.36

Calibrated 10/2008 - Installed Sept. 30, 2009 - multiplier 2.18

Calibrated 02/2012 – Installed Mar. 16, 2012 – multiplier 3.12

Retired: 03/03/2016

LI-COR sensor 2 (SN# Q31559)

Calibrated 09/2002 – Installed May 3, 2003 – multiplier 1.27

Calibrated 06/2007 - Installed Apr. 22, 2008 - multiplier 1.34

Calibrated 02/2010 – Installed Dec. 9, 2010 – multiplier 1.38

Calibrated 05/2013 – Installed Feb. 27, 2014 – multiplier 1.54

Calibrated 04/2016 - Installed May 06, 2016- multiplier 1.54

Retired: 03/03/2017

Apogee Quantum Sensor

Units: mmoles m-2 (total flux)

Model #SQ110

Stability: $< \pm 2\%$ change over 1 yr

Sensitivity: 0.2mV per µmol s-1 m-2

Operating Temperature: -40°C to 70°C; Humidity 0 to 100%

Light spectrum waveband: 410 to 655 nm

Temperature dependence: 0.06 ± 0.06% per °C

Cosine Response: 45° zenith angle: ± 2%; 75° zenith angle: ± 5%

Set multiplier of 0.025

Calibration Dates and Dates Installed:

Apogee sensor 1 (Serial Number: 22346)

Date of last calibration: 03/13/2024

Previous Calibrations: 02/01/2017 (purchased 2/21/2017)

Dates of Sensor Use: 03/03/2017 - 04/12/2018, 04/16/2024 - current as of 12/31/2024

Apogee sensor 2 (Serial Number: 25319)

Date of last calibration: 02/17/2022

Previous Calibrations: 02/01/2018 (purchased 3/20/2018)

Dates of Sensor Use: 04/12/2018 - 03/18/2020, 05/04/2022 - 04/16/2024

Parameter: Precipitation

Units: millimeters (mm) Tipping Bucket Rain Gauge Texas Electronics Model #: TR-525I

Calibration: 0.01 inch per tip (0.254 mm per tip)

Accuracy: ± 3% (Rates of 1 to 6 inches per hour/25 to 152 mm per hour)

Calibration Dates and Dates Installed:

Rain Gauge 1 (Serial Number: 23864-399) Date of last calibration: 04/10/2017

Previous Calibrations: 07/18/2006, 03/08/2010, 02/07/2011, 02/20/2012, 05/24/2012, 06/07/2012,

12/09/2012, 2/27/2014, 04/28/2016

Dates of Sensor Use: 07/27/2006 - 04/27/2018

Retired: 04/27/2018

Rain Gauge 2 (Serial Number: 74041)

Date of last calibration: 04/27/2023

Previous Calibrations: 09/11/2017, 06/26/2018, 04/04/2019, 03/18/2020, 04/23/2021, 05/20/2022,

04/27/2023

Dates of Sensor Use: 04/27/2018 - 5/23/2024

Rain Gauge 3 (Serial Number: 98953-0524) Date of last calibration: 05/02/2025

Previous Calibrations: 05/07/2024, 04/03/2025

Dates of Sensor Use: 05/23/2024 - current

Commented [DS1]: Makayla - please add the date of the manufacturer calibration.

Datalogger

CR1000:

The CR1000 has 2 MB of Flash EEPROM that is used to store the Operating System. Another 128 K Flash is used to store configuration settings. A minimum of 2 MB SRAM is available for program storage (16K), operating system use, and data storage. Additional storage is available by using a compact flash card in the optional CFM100 Compact Flash Module.

Model # SM4M

Storage capacity: 2 million low-resolution data values

Program storage: stores up to 8 programs with a total capacity of 128 KB

Processor: Hitachi H8S

Operating system: 64 KB, flash memory based, user downloadable

Operating range: Temp: -35 to +65 °C

Baud rates: 9600, 76800

Power requirements: 5 ± 0.3 VDC @ 100 mA

CR1000 logger 1 (Serial Number: 005202)

Date of last calibration: 01/30/2012

Previous Calibrations: 06/01/2006

Dates of datalogger use: 06/29/2006 - 03/16/2012, 03/03/2017 - 05/04/2022 (internal battery replaced

05/03/2017) Retired: 05/04/2022

CR1000 logger 2 (Serial Number: 46152)

Date of last calibration: 2012

Previous Calibrations: N/A (purchased 01/23/2012) Dates of datalogger use: 03/16/2012 – 03/03/2017

Retired: 05/04/2022

CR1000 Firmware Version: CR1000_OS_31.02

Last update: 04/10/2017

CR1000 Program Version: ACEBPMET_CR1000_5.5.2_031720

ACEBPMET_CR1000_5.5.1_062618

ACEBPMET_5.5.1_042718 ACEBPMET_5.5.1_040218 ACEBPMET_5.5.1_050317 ACEBPMET_5.5_041017 ACEBPMET_5.5_030217 ACEBPMET_5.5_050616 ACEBPMET_5.5_022714

GOES Transmitter: Campbell Scientific, Inc. HDR GOES Transmitter

Model Number: TX312 Serial Number: 1338 Date Installed: 06/30/2006 Retired: 05/04/2022

CR1000X:

The CR1000X has a total onboard memory of 128 MB of flash and 4MB of battery backed SRAM. There is 8 MB of flash memory reserved for loading the operating system and 1MB of flash reserved for configuration settings. SRAM is used for the CRBasic program operating memory, communication memory, and data storage, with 72 MB of flash for extended data storage. Additional data storage expansion is available with a removable microSD flash memory card of up to 16 GB.

PN #31932

Storage capacity:

Program storage: 4 MB SRAM +72 MB flash (storage expansion of up to 16 GB with removable microSD flash

memory card)

Processor: Renesas RX63N (32-bit with hardware FPU, running at 100MHz)

Operating system:

Operating range: Temp: -40° to +70°C

Baud rates: 1200

Power requirements: 10 to 18 Vdc input

CR1000X logger 1 (Serial Number: 13915)

Date of last calibration:

Previous Calibrations: N/A (purchased 2020)

Dates of datalogger use: inactive

CR1000X logger 2 (Serial Number: 13916)
Date of last calibration: 11/20/2019
Previous Calibrations: (purchased 2020)
Dates of datalogger use: 05/04/2022 – current

CR1000X Firmware Version: CR1000X_OS_08.01

Last update: 04/02/2025

CR1000X Program Version: ACEBPMET_CR1000X_V6.0.2_052324.CR1X

GOES Transmitter: Campbell Scientific, Inc. HDR GOES Transmitter Model Number: TX321

Serial Number: 2335 Date Installed: 05/04/2022

10) Coded variable definitions -

Sampling station: Sampling site code: Station code: Bennett's Point BP sceppmet

11) QAQC flag definitions -

QAQC flags provide documentation of the data and are applied to individual data points by insertion into the parameter's associated flag column (header preceded by an F_). During primary automated QAQC (performed by the CDMO), -5, -4, and -2 flags are applied automatically to indicate data that is above or below sensor range, or missing. All remaining data are then flagged 0, as passing initial QAQC checks. During secondary and tertiary QAQC 1, -3, and 5 flags may be used to note data as suspect, rejected due to QAQC, or corrected.

- -5 Outside High Sensor Range
- -4 Outside Low Sensor Range
- -3 Data Rejected due to QAQC
- -2 Missing Data
- -1 Optional SWMP supported parameter
- 0 Passed Initial QAQC Checks
- 1 Suspect Data
- 2 Open reserved for later flag
- 3 Open reserved for later flag
- 4 Historical Data: Pre-Auto QAQC
- 5 Corrected Data

12) QAQC code definitions -

QAQC codes are used in conjunction with QAQC flags to provide further documentation of the data and are also applied by insertion into the associated flag column. There are three (3) different code categories, general, sensor, and comment. General errors document general problems with the CR1000/CR1000X, sensor errors are sensor specific, and comment codes are used to further document conditions or a problem with the data. Only one general or sensor error and one comment code can be applied to a particular data point, but some comment codes (marked with an * below) can be applied to the entire record in the F_Record column.

General Errors

GIM Instrument malfunction

GIT Instrument recording error, recovered telemetry data

GMC No instrument deployed due to maintenance/calibration

GMT Instrument maintenance

GPD Power down

GPF Power failure / Low battery

GPR Program reload

GQR Data rejected due to QA/QC checks

GSM See metadata

Sensor Errors

SDG Suspect due to sensor diagnostics

SIC Incorrect calibration constant, multiplier or offset

SIW Incorrect wiring SMTSensor maintenance SNV Negative value SOC Out of calibration

Data rejected due to QAQC checks **SQR**

SSD Sensor drift

SSN Not a number / unknown value

Sensor malfunction SSM SSR Sensor removed

Comments

CAF Acceptable calibration/accuracy error of sensor

CCU Cause unknown

CDF Data appear to fit conditions

CMLSnow melt from previous snowfall event

CRE* Significant rain event CSM*See metadata

CVT*Possible vandalism/tampering CWE* Significant weather event

13) Other remarks/notes -

Data are missing due to equipment or associated specific sensors not being deployed, equipment failure, time of maintenance or calibration of equipment, or repair/replacement of a sampling station platform. Any NANs in the dataset stand for "not a number" and are the result of low power, disconnected wires, or out of range readings. If additional information on missing data is needed, contact the Research Coordinator at the reserve submitting the data. The missing data are flagged as <-2>.

After an edit to the CR1000 program was made on 04/10/2017 11:15, Relative Humidity data greater than 100 are within range of the sensor accuracy of \pm /-3% and are flagged and coded as suspect, <1> (CAF). Values greater than 103 are rejected <-3> (SQR).

Data recorded for all parameters (except for cumulative precipitation) at the midnight timestamp (00:00) are the 15minute averages and totals for the 23:45-23:59 time period of the previous day. Cumulative precipitation data at the midnight timestamp (00:00) are the sum of raw (unrounded) precipitation data from 00:00 to 23:59 of the previous day. Summing each individual 15-minute total precipitation value from the same period will result in small differences from cumulative precipitation due to rounding. It is especially important to note how data at the midnight timestamp are recorded when using January 1st and December 31st data. Note: Cumulative precipitation is no longer available via export from the CDMO. Please contact the Reserve or the CDMO for more information or to obtain these

All Parameters Blanket Statement for Bennett's Point Weather Station

On Monday, January 20, the mixing of moisture from the Gulf of Mexico with the cold and dry air resulted in a winter storm that persisted for days. Maximum and minimum temperatures were between fifteen to twenty degrees below normal and remained low for several days. Snow fell on Edisto Island during the late afternoon on the 21st and into the early hours of the 22nd. The winter storm lasted a few more days. The F_record column of data collected from 01/21/2025 at 16:00 to 01/24/2025 at 23:45 were flagged as {CWE}.

Passed Initial QAQC Checks (Flag <0>)

Rejected Data (Flag <-3>)

Suspect Data (Flag <1>)

Missing Data (Flag <-2>)

Data is missing for all parameters on 04/02/2025 from 10:45 to 11:45. The CR1000X was powered down to conduct an operating system update. No rain fell while technicians were onsite. The values are flagged and coded as <-2> [GPR] (CSM).

Data for all parameters on 05/22/2025 from 08:30 to 09:30 were missing on the data file downloaded from the CR1000X. These values were not telemetered therefore they could not be recovered. The cause of the missing records is unknown. These values are flagged as <-2> [GIM] (CSM).

Corrected Data (Flag <5>)

Temperature/Relative Humidity

Passed Initial QAQC Checks (Flag <0>)

Rejected Data (Flag <-3>)

Suspect Data (Flag <1>)

Missing Data (Flag <-2>)

Barometric Pressure

Passed Initial OAOC Checks (Flag <0>)

Rejected Data (Flag <-3>)

Suspect Data (Flag <1>)

Missing Data (Flag <-2>)

Wind Speed/Direction

Passed Initial OAOC Checks (Flag <0>)

Rejected Data (Flag <-3>)

Suspect Data (Flag <1>)

Missing Data (Flag <-2>)

Total Precipitation

Passed Initial QAQC Checks (Flag <0>)

The pre-calibration check of the tipping bucket rain gauge on 04/02/2025 recorded the left bucket tipped at an average of 3.51 mL while the right bucket tipped at an average of 4.30 mL. The ideal range is 3.68 mL to 3.76 mL per tip. To determine when the tipping bucket calibration might have changed, the tipping bucket rain gauge was compared to the manual rain gauge. On 08/09/2024, the difference between the two gauges changed from positive to negative. Data from 01/01/2025 - 00:00 to 04/02/2025 - 09:45 was flagged and coded as <0> (CSM). See comparisons below.

Date Range	Tipping Bucket Rain Gauge (mm)	Manual Rain Gauge (mm)	Difference (mm)
01/11/2024 - 02/06/2024	56.6	44.2	12.4
02/06/2024 - 03/03/2024	105.7	18.3	87.4
05/02/2024 - 05/23/2024	62.7	62.5	0.2
New Rain Gauge Installed			
05/23/2024 - 06/06/2024	43.4	42.7	0.7
06/06/2024 - 07/09/2024	93	90.9	2.1
07/09/2024 - 08/09/2024	515	478.5	36.5
08/09/2024 - 09/10/2024	77.4	82.3	-4.9
09/10/2024 - 10/15/2024	35.6	55.6	-20.0
10/15/2024 - 11/15/2024	84	83.6	0.4
11/15/2024 - 12/18/2024	18.4	21.1	-2.7
12/18/2024 - 01/08/2025	58	64.0	-6.0
01/08/2025 - 02/03/2025	50.4	52.1	-1.7
02/03/2025 - 03/07/2025	41.4	42.4	-1.0
03/07/2025 - 04/02/2025	49	51.8	-2.8

Rejected Data (Flag <-3>)

Suspect Data (Flag <1>)

Data during the following times are suspect due to values being outside sensor range. The total precipitation values are above the sensor range of 25 mm in 15 minutes. Although the value is outside sensor specifications, the data appears to fit the conditions due to heavy rainfall. The values are flagged as <1> (CSM).

05/25/2025 – 09:15 05/25/2025 - 09:00 05/25/2025 - 08:45

05/25/2025 - 09:00 05/25/2025 - 09:15

Missing Data (Flag <-2>)

Corrected Data (Flag <5>)

The rainfall data from the following entries were recorded as rainfall during sensor maintenance when the rain gauge bucket was accidentally tipped. No rain fell while technicians were on site. The data were corrected to a 0 reading and were flagged <5> [SMT] (CSM).

04/02/2025 - 10:30

Total PAR

Passed Initial OAOC Checks (Flag <0>)

Rejected Data (Flag <-3>

Suspect Data (Flag <1>) Missing Data (Flag <-2>)

Cumulative Precipitation

Passed Initial OAOC Checks (Flag <0>)

The pre-calibration check of the tipping bucket rain gauge on 04/02/2025 recorded the left bucket tipped at an average of 3.51 mL while the right bucket tipped at an average of 4.30 mL. The ideal range is 3.68 mL to 3.76 mL per tip. To determine when the tipping bucket calibration might have changed, the tipping bucket rain gauge was compared to the Formatted: Indent: First line: 0.5"

manual rain gauge. On 08/09/2024, the difference between the two gauges changed from positive to negative. Data from 01/01/2025 - 00:00 to 04/02/2025 - 09:45 was flagged and coded as <0> (CSM). See comparisons under **Total Precipitation.**

Rejected Data (Flag <-3>)

Suspect Data (Flag <1>)

Missing Data (Flag <-2>)

Corrected Data (Flag <5>

The rainfall data from the following entries were recorded as rainfall during sensor maintenance when the rain gauge bucket was accidentally tipped. No rain fell while technicians were on site. The data were corrected to a 0 reading and were flagged <5> [SMT] (CSM)

04/02/2025 - 10:30

14) Station History -

Bennett's Point:

2001 - Station became active with CR10X data logger. No data collected until March due to battery issues. Data collection stopped in June. PC208W software used to download data. Parameters measured are: temperature, humidity, barometric pressure, rainfall, wind speed and direction and PAR. Sensors are located on 3-meter galvanized poles on top of control box.

- 2002 Data collection resumed in January
- 2002 NADP National Atmospheric Deposition Program began in January
- 2003 All new sensors installed on May 3 and old ones sent back to be calibrated
- 2003 A 15-foot galvanized tower installed on which the sensors are positioned
- 2005 All newly calibrated sensors installed on August 22
- 2006 CR10X datalogger replaced with the CR1000 datalogger and PC208W software replaced with LoggerNet Software on June 29
- 2006 NL115 Ethernet cable installed to allow for downloading data and troubleshooting from Charleston office
- 2006 GOES satellite telemetry equipment installed to view real-time weather data
- 2006 Rain tipping bucket calibrated on July 18
- 2006 NL115 Ethernet cable cut by workers in December
- 2007 NL115 Ethernet cable destroyed by squirrels and lost connection in September
- 2007 NADP (National Atmospheric Deposition Program) ended in December
- 2008 New CR1000 program with Cumulative Precipitation parameter uploaded in March
- 2008 All newly calibrated sensors installed on April 22
- 2009 All newly calibrated sensors installed on September 30
- 2010 Rain tipping bucket calibrated on $January \, \bar{1}$
- 2010 Rain tipping bucket calibrated on March 18
- 2010 Newly calibrated sensors (except Temp/RH) installed on **December 9**
- 2012 Newly calibrated sensors installed on March 16
- 2012 New CR1000 datalogger installed on March 16
- 2012 Rain bucket calibrated on June 7
- 2012 Rain bucket calibrated on December 19
- 2013 Barometric pressure calibrated on May 16
- 2013 Newly calibrated Temp/RH sensor installed on July 31
- 2014 Newly calibrated sensors (except Temp/RH) installed on February 27
- 2014 Rain bucket calibrated on February 27
- 2014 Rain bucket calibrated on March 31
- 2014 Newly calibrated Temp/RH sensor installed on July 23
- 2015 New battery installed on November 25
- 2016 Newly calibrated sensors (except PAR) installed on April 18
- 2016 Newly calibrated PAR sensor installed on May 6
- 2017 Newly calibrated CR1000 datalogger installed on $March\ 3$

- 2017 Newly calibrated sensors (except LiCor PAR and Barometric Pressure) installed on March 3
- 2017 LiCor PAR sensor was replaced with an Apogee PAR sensor on March 3
- 2017 New CR1000 program (ACEBPMET_5.5_030217) uploaded on March 3
- 2017 Rain bucket calibrated on April 10
- 2017 New Campbell OS V31.02 uploaded on April 10
- 2017 New CR1000 program (ACEBPMET_5.5_041017) uploaded on April 10
- 2017 New CR1000 program (ACEBPMET_5.5.1_050317) uploaded on May 3
- 2018 New Temp/RH and PAR sensor installed on April 12
- 2018 New CR1000 program (ACEBPMET_5.5.1_040218) uploaded on April 12
- 2018 New wind sensor and rain gauge installed on April 27
- 2018 New CR1000 program (ACEBPMET_5.5.1_042718) uploaded on April 27
- 2018 New barometric pressure sensor installed and rain bucket field calibrated on June 26
- **2018 -** New CR1000 program (ACEBPMET_5.5.1_062618) uploaded on $\mathbf{June~26}$
- 2019 New Temp/RH sensor installed, and rain gauge field calibrated on April 4
- 2020 New Temp/RH, Wind sensor, and PAR sensor installed, and rain gauge calibrated on March 18
- 2020 New CR1000 program (ACEBPMET_5.5.2_031720) uploaded on March 18
- 2020 New barometric pressure sensor installed on September 23
- 2021 New external battery installed on January 28
- 2021 Newly calibrated Temp/RH sensor installed on March 29
- 2021 Rain bucket calibrated on April 23
- 2021 New external battery installed on June 30
- 2022 System refresh-new box installed with CR1000X (ACEBPMET_CR100X_V6.0.2_042822.CR1X), newly calibrated PAR, Wind, and barometric sensors as well as new Temp/RH sensor installed on **May 4**
- 2022 Rain bucket calibrated on May 20
- 2022 Battery replaced on August 23
- 2023 Updated CR1000X OS version to CR1000X.Std.06.02 on March 29
- 2023 Rain bucket calibrated on April 27
- 2023 New Temp/RH sensor installed on June 8
- 2024 Newly calibrated Temp/RH, Wind sensor, barometric pressure sensor and PAR sensor installed on April 16
- 2024 Rain bucket calibrated on New rain gauge installed on May 23
- 2025 Newly calibrated Temp/RH sensor installed on April 2
- 2025 Updated CR1000X OS version to CR1000X.Std.08.01 on April 2
- 2025 Rain bucket calibrated on April 3
- 2025 Rain bucket recalibrated on May 2

Commented [DS2]: Makayla - was this when the new one went out? Please update text to say new rain gauge if so.