Delaware (DEL) NERR Meteorological Metadata January 01, 2023 – December 31, 2023 Latest Update: June 27, 2025

I. Data Set and Research Descriptors

1) Principal investigator(s) and contact persons –

Contact Persons:

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2) Entry verification -

Data are uploaded from the CR1000 data logger to a personal computer (Dell laptop) with a Windows 7 or newer operating system. LoggerNet software, installed on the DNERR laptop, is utilized to download the most recent data. The data are saved as a raw data file (SJ_RAW.dat) onto a separate hard drive and backed up onto Delaware Coastal Programs' (DCP) server. Files are exported from LoggerNet in a comma-delimited format and uploaded to the CDMO where they undergo automated primary QAQC and become part of the CDMO's online provisional database. During primary QAQC, data are flagged if they are missing or out of sensor range. The edited file is then returned to the Reserve where it is opened in Microsoft Excel and processed using the CDMO's NERRQAQC Excel macro. The macro inserts station codes, creates metadata worksheets for flagged data and summary statistics, and graphs the data for review. It allows the user to apply QAQC flags and codes to the data, append files, and export the resulting data file to the CDMO for tertiary QAQC and assimilation into the CDMO's authoritative online database. For more information on QAQC flags and QAQC codes, see Sections 11 and 12. Michael G. Mensinger conducts all data collection, data management, and QA/QC activities.

All errors were double checked with other data that could support such "anomalous" weather changes. Wind speeds below the 0.5 m/s are common between 1900 and 0600 hours.

3) Research objectives -

The principal objective is to record long-term meteorological data for the St. Jones component of the Delaware National Estuarine Research Reserve in order to observe any environmental changes or trends over time. The data are also used for specific research studies relating to atmospheric deposition of nutrients and pesticides, and nutrient runoff influences from encroaching urbanization on estuarine systems. The meteorological data also serves a supporting role for the SWMP water quality and nutrient data sets since meteorological conditions directly impact these projects.

4) Research methods -

The Campbell Scientific weather station sampled every 5 seconds to produce both 15-minute averages of the measurements of air temperature, relative humidity, barometric pressure, wind speed and wind direction and 15-minute totals of precipitation and photosynthetically active radiation. Data are collected in Eastern Standard Time

(EST) for the entire year. The CR1000, installed on 09/18/06, contains 2 Mbytes of memory. On a monthly basis, the data are downloaded from the CR1000 to a laptop computer following procedures in the CDMO Operations Manual and the sensors are inspected for damage or debris. If any is found, it is repaired and/or cleaned. Sensors are removed and sent back to Campbell Scientific for calibration at the following intervals:

Recommended calibration frequency for the MET station sensors:

- Temperature/Humidity- yearly recalibration
- Rain Gauge- yearly recalibration
- Wind Speed/Direction- yearly or every 2 years (depending on the sensor)
- Barometric Pressure- every 2 years recalibration
- PAR- every 2 years recalibration (Delaware recalibrates yearly)
- CR1000-every 5 years

The 15-minute Data are collected in the following formats for the **CR1000**:

i) Averages from 5-second data:

Air Temperature (°C), Relative Humidity (%), Barometric Pressure (mb), Wind Speed (m/s), Wind Direction (degrees), Battery Voltage (volts)

- ii) Maximum and Minimum Air Temperature (°C) and their times from 5-second data (these data are available from the Reserve)
- iii) Maximum Wind Speed (m/s) and time from 5-second data
- iv) Wind Direction Standard Deviation (degrees)
- v) Totals:

Precipitation (mm), PAR (millimoles/m²), and Cumulative Precipitation (mm) (Cumulative precipitation is no longer available via export from the CDMO. Please contact the Reserve or the CDMO for more information or to obtain these data.)

Campbell Scientific data telemetry equipment was installed at the St. Jones station on 11/16/05 and transmits data to the NOAA GOES satellite, NESDIS ID #3B00F7FE. The transmissions are scheduled hourly with a transmit time at 0:40:10 and contain four (4) data sets reflecting fifteen-minute data sampling intervals. Upon receipt by the CDMO, the data undergoes the same automated primary QAQC process detailed in Section 2 above. The "real-time" telemetry data become part of the provisional dataset until undergoing secondary and tertiary QAQC and assimilation in the CDMO's authoritative online database. Provisional and authoritative data are available at http://cdmo.baruch.sc.edu.

5) Site location and character -

The Delaware National Estuarine Research Reserve is comprised of two component sites, the St. Jones River and Blackbird Creek components. Both components are located along the Delaware Bay Coast. The St. Jones River Component is located in central Kent County Delaware, east of the State capitol city, Dover. The Blackbird Creek component is located in the unincorporated area of Southern New Castle County. The meteorological station site, is located in the St. Jones DNERR component. It is located in a tidal marsh area with a wooded fringe area 100 m to the north, 75 m to east, 75 m to the west and 1+ km to south. The wooded area is of an approximate average height of 16 m.

Position: Latitude 39 degree 05' 20.05" N Longitude 75 degree 26' 12.78" W

The weather station is located approximately 2 km from the water quality datasonde at Scotton Landing, approximately 4km from the water quality station at Lebanon Landing, and approximately 10km away from the water quality monitoring station at Division Street.

Tower and sensor heights	Height (meters)	Notes
Tower	3.0 m	Above marsh surface; 1 meter east of boardwalk; highest point (lightning rod) is 4.9 meters above marsh surface
Platform (if applicable)	1.1 m	Above marsh surface
		Above marsh surface
Temperature/Relative Humidity	2.9 m	Above marsh surface
Barometric Pressure	2.2 m	Above marsh surface
Wind	4.5 m	Above marsh surface
PAR	4.5 m	Above marsh surface
Precipitation gauge	2.4 m	Above marsh surface and 3 meters south of tower

SWMP Station Timeline:

Station Code	Station Name	SWMP Status	Location	Active Dates	Reason Decommissioned	Notes
DELSJMET	Saint Jones River	P	39° 5' 20.05 N, 75° 26' 12.78 W	01/01/2001 -	NA	NA

6) Data collection period -

The meteorological monitoring program was started in October 1997 at the DNERR and has been continuous through the present. The data collection format has followed NERRS protocol since standardized meteorological program development in November of 1998. The 2023 data set runs from January 1, 2023 (00:00 EST) through December 31, 2023 (23:45 EST).

Monthly data were downloaded from the station on the following dates and times:

Download date and time (EST)
01/04/2023 (08:23)
02/01/2023 (11:20)
03/01/2023 (12:13)
04/03/2023 (09:25)
05/03/2023 (12:28)
05/31/2023 (14:03)
07/13/2023 (14:49)
08/08/2023 (13:45)
09/28/2023 (23:07)
10/25/2023 (08:53)
11/07/2023 (10:08)
12/13/2023 (08:44)
01/02/2024 (11:46)

Monthly files start and end on the following:

File start date and time (EST)	File end date and time (EST)
12/14/2022 (08:30)	01/04/2023 (08:15)
01/04/2023 (08:30)	02/01/2023 (11:00)
02/01/2023 (11:15)	03/01/2023 (12:00)

03/01/2023 (12:15)	04/03/2023 (09:15)
04/03/2023 (09:30)	05/03/2023 (12:15)
05/03/2023 (12:30)	05/31/2023 (14:00)
05/31/2023 (14:15)	07/13/2023 (14:45)
07/13/2023 (16:15)	08/08/2023 (13:30)
08/08/2023 (13:45)	09/28/2023 (23:00)
09/28/2023 (23:15)	10/25/2023 (08:45)
10/25/2023 (09:00)	11/07/2023 (10:00)
11/07/2023 (10:45)	12/13/2023 (08:30)
12/13/2023 (08:45)	01/02/2024 (11:45)

7) Distribution -

NOAA retains the right to analyze, synthesize and publish summaries of the NERRS System-wide Monitoring Program data. The NERRS retains the right to be fully credited for having collected and process the data. Following academic courtesy standards, the NERR site where the data were collected should be contacted and fully acknowledged in any subsequent publications in which any part of the data are used. The data set enclosed within this package/transmission is only as good as the quality assurance and quality control procedures outlined by the enclosed metadata reporting statement. The user bears all responsibility for its subsequent use/misuse in any further analyses or comparisons. The Federal government does not assume liability to the Recipient or third persons, nor will the Federal government reimburse or indemnify the Recipient for its liability due to any losses resulting in any way from the use of this data.

Requested citation format:

NOAA National Estuarine Research Reserve System (NERRS). System-wide Monitoring Program. Data accessed from the NOAA NERRS Centralized Data Management Office website: http://www.nerrsdata.org/; accessed 12 October 2024.

NERR meteorological data and metadata can be obtained from the Research Coordinator at the individual NERR site (please see Principal Investigators and Contact Persons), from the Data Manager at the Centralized Data Management Office (please see personnel directory under the general information link on the CDMO home page) and online at the CDMO home page www.nerrsdata.org. Data are available in comma delimited format.

8) Associated researchers and projects –

As part of the SWMP long-term monitoring program, DEL NERR also monitors 15-minute water quality along with monthly grab samples and diel sampling for nutrient/pigment data which may be correlated with this meteorological dataset. These data are available at www.nerrsdata.org.

II. Physical Structure Descriptors

9) Sensor specifications –

Apogee Quantum Sensor (Discontinued Use of LiCor LI190SB on 06/05/2015)

Model # SQ-110 Stability: <2% per year

Operating Temperature: -40 to 70 C Sensitivity: 0.2 mVper umol m⁻² s⁻¹

Light spectrum wavelength: 410 nm to 655 nm Initiated Use of this Sensor Model: 06/05/2015

Date of Last Calibration:

06/05/2015: (s/n 17010 installed new, initial calib 11/2014)

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06/01/2016: (s/n 20562 installed new, initial calib 04/2016)
07/26/2017 (s/n 23191, installed new, initial calib 07/2017)
07/26/2018: (s/n 17010, recalib 07/19/2018)
11/19/2019: (s/n 17014 installed new, initial calib 11/07/2019)
03/23/2021: (s/n 17010, recalib 03/2021)
05/09/2022: (s/n 17014, recalib 02/24/2022)
05/24/2023: (s/n 23191, recalib 05/15/2023)
PAR Multiplier: 0.025 (multiplier never changes with this model: Used 06/05/2015 to current)
R.M. Young Wind Monitor
Model # 05103
Range: 0-60 m/s; 360° mechanical
Date of last calibration:
04/05/1999 (installed new 12/20/2000)
12/19/2002: Replaced with unit (s/n WM49558)
12/21/2004: Replaced with unit (s/n 35269, recalib 09/01/2004)
01/11/2007: Replaced with unit (s/n 49546, recalib 12/01/2006)
01/07/2008: Replaced with unit (s/n 35269, recalib 09/14/2007)
03/10/2010: Replaced with unit (s/n 49558, recalib 02/19/2010)
08/20/2012: Replaced with unit (s/n 49546, recalib 07/30/2012)
05/01/2014: Replaced with unit (s/n 49558, recalib 04/04/2014)
06/22/2016: Replaced with unit (s/n 49546, recalib 05/19/2016)
06/19/2017: Replaced with unit (s/n 35269, recalib 06/06/2017)
11/19/2019: Replaced with unit (s/n 169338, installed new, initial calib: 05/22/2019)
03/23/2021: Replaced with unit (s/n 35269, recalib 03/01/2021)
07/25/2023: Replaced with unit (s/n 169338, recalib 05/15/2023)
Temperature and Relative Humidity
Model #: HC2-S3 (05/08/2013 - current)
Operating Temperature: -40-+60°C
Temperature Measurement Range: -40-+60°C
Temperature Accuracy: ± 0.1 °C @ 23°C
Relative Humidity Measurement Range: 0-100% non-condensing
RH Accuracy: +/-0.8% @ 23°C
05/08/2013: Replaced with unit (s/n 0061045311, brand new sensor)
05/01/2014: Replaced with unit (s/n 0061218130, brand new sensor)
06/05/2015: Replaced with unit (s/n 0020017749, brand new sensor)
06/22/2016: Replaced with unit (s/n 61218130, recalib, 05/18/2016)
06/19/2017: Replaced with unit (s/n 20072826, recalib, 06/06/2017)
07/26/2018: Replaced with unit (s/n 20017749, recalib, 07/17/2018)
11/19/2019: Replaced with unit (s/n 20072826, recalib 11/06/2019)
03/23/2021: Replaced with unit (s/n 20017749, recalib 03/01/2021)
05/09/2022: Replaced with unit (s/n, 214516001914AB installed new, initial calib: 2022)
05/24/2023: (s/n 19221600016915, recalib 05/11/2023)
Note: This sensor caps relative humidity values at 100%, measured values >100% are altered to 100%
Barometric Pressure (Discontinued Use of CS-105 on 11/04/2013)
Model # CS-106 (PTB110)
                        Pressure - 500-1100 mb
Operating Range:
Temperature: -40-+60C
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Humidity: non-condensing

Accuracy: ±0.3 to 1.5 mb (+20-60C)

Stability: \pm 0.1 mb per year Date of Last calibration:

11/04/2013: (s/n J4060004 installed new, initial calib 10/07/2013) 05/01/2014: (s/n J513002 installed new, initial calib 12/18/2013)

06/22/2016 (s/n J4060004, recal 05/24/2016) 06/19/2017: (s/n F0150014, recal 06/08/2017)

11/19/2019: Replaced with unit (s/n R1720797, installed new, initial calib 04/24/2019)

03/23/2021: (s/n F0150014, recal 02/26/2021) 05/24/2023: (s/n J513002, recalib 05/11/2023)

Tipping Bucket Rain Gauge

Model #: TE 525

Serial Number: 525001 (2000-03/22/2023)

Range: 0.1 mm

Accuracy: 1.0% at <2"/hr

Serial Number: unavailable, designated as DNERR1

Date of Last calibration: field calibrated 12/20/2000, 12/19/2001, 12/19/2002,

12/22/2003, 12/22/2004, 12/16/2005, 12/29/2006, 01/07/2008, 12/30/2008, 10/05/2009, 09/23/2010, 09/19/2011, 09/20/2012, 09/20/2013, 09/11/2014, 09/08/2015, 09/06/2016, 09/05/2017, 09/06/2018,

11/19/2019, 11/17/2020, 11/24/2021, 11/23/2022, 03/22/2023 (brand new

Installed new TE525 (s/n 93489-1222) on 03/22/2023 at ~ 1008 EST

The CR1000 has 2 MB Flash EEPROM that is used to store the Operating System. Another 128 K Flash is used to store configuration settings. A minimum of 2 MB SRAM is (4 MB optional) is available for program storage (16K), operating system use, and data storage. Additional storage is available by using a compact flash card in the optional CFM100 Compact Flash Module.

CR1000 S/N: 4976 (installed on September 18, 2006, removed on 01/07/2020)

Last Calibrated: 01/30/2015 (reinstalled 02/04/2015)

CR1000 S/N: 12310

Installed 01/10/2020 (brand new unit, so no calibration date)

CR1000 Firmware Version: OS27.05 (installation date unavailable)

CR1000 Program Versions:

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delsjmet_5.5_040411 (April 4, 2011 – April 12, 2012)
delsjmet_5.5_041212 (April 12, 2012 – May 07, 2013)
delsjmet_5.5_050713 (May 07, 2013 – May 08, 2013)
delsjmet_5.5_050813 (May 08, 2013 – November 04, 2013)
delsjmet_5.5_110413 (November 04, 2013 – December 11, 2013)
delsjmet_5.5_121113 (December 11, 2013- May 01, 2014)
delsjmet_5.5_050114 (May 01, 2014- June 05, 2015)
delsjmet_5.5_062515 (June 25, 2015 – September 05, 2017)
delsjmet_5.5_090517 (September 05, 2017 – December 03, 2019)
delsjmet_5.5_120319 (December 03, 2019 – October 05, 2021 (08:36 EST)
delsjmet_5.5_100521 (October 05, 2021 (08:36 EST) – 05/09/2022 (10:10 EST))
```

delsjmet_CR1000_5.5_050422 (05/09/2022 (10:10 EST) – present as of 12/31/2023)

GOES Transmitter: Model: TX321-G Serial Number: 2304 Date Installed: N/A

10) Coded variable definitions -

Sampling station: Sampling site code: Station code:

St. Jones SJ delsimet

11) QAQC flag definitions -

QAQC flags provide documentation of the data and are applied to individual data points by insertion into the parameter's associated flag column (header preceded by an F_). During primary automated QAQC (performed by the CDMO), -5, -4, and -2 flags are applied automatically to indicate data that is above or below sensor range, or missing. All remaining data are then flagged 0, as passing initial QAQC checks. During secondary and tertiary QAQC 1, -3, and 5 flags may be used to note data as suspect, rejected due to QAQC, or corrected.

- -5 Outside High Sensor Range
- -4 Outside Low Sensor Range
- -3 Data Rejected due to QAQC
- -2 Missing Data
- -1 Optional SWMP supported Parameter
- 0 Passed Initial QAQC Checks
- 1 Suspect Data
- 2 Open reserved for later flag
- 3 Open reserved for later flag
- 4 Historical Data: Pre-Auto QAQC
- 5 Corrected Data

12) QAQC code definitions -

QAQC codes are used in conjunction with QAQC flags to provide further documentation of the data and are also applied by insertion into the associated flag column. There are three (3) different code categories, general, sensor, and comment. General errors document general problems with the CR1000/CR1000X, sensor errors are sensor specific, and comment codes are used to further document conditions or a problem with the data. Only one general or sensor error and one comment code can be applied to a particular data point, but some comment codes (marked with an * below) can be applied to the entire record in the F_Record column.

General Errors

GIM	Instrument	malfunction
OIM	mount	manuncuon

GIT Instrument recording error, recovered telemetry data

GMC No instrument deployed due to maintenance/calibration

GMT Instrument maintenance

GPD Power down

Power failure / low battery GPF

GPR Program reload

Data rejected due to QA/QC checks **GQR**

GSM See metadata

Sensor Errors

SDG Suspect due to sensor diagnostics

SIC Incorrect calibration constant, multiplier or offset

SIW Incorrect wiring
SMT Sensor maintenance
SNV Negative value
SOC Out of calibration

SQR Data rejected due to QAQC checks

SSD Sensor drift

SSN Not a number / unknown value

SSM Sensor malfunction SSR Sensor removed

Comments

CAF Acceptable calibration/accuracy error of sensor

CCU Cause unknown

CDF Data appear to fit conditions

CML Snow melt from previous snowfall event

CRE* Significant rain event

CSM* See metadata

CVT* Possible vandalism/tampering CWE* Significant weather event

13) Other remarks/notes -

Data are missing due to equipment or associated specific sensors not being deployed, equipment failure, time of maintenance or calibration of equipment, or repair/replacement of a sampling station platform. Any NANs in the dataset stand for "not a number" and are the result of low power, disconnected wires, or out of range readings. If additional information on missing data is needed, contact the Research Coordinator at the reserve submitting the data.

Relative Humidity data greater than 100 are within range of the sensor accuracy of \pm 7-3% and are flagged and coded as suspect, \pm 1> (CAF). Values greater than 103 are rejected \pm 3>.

Data recorded for all parameters (with the exception of cumulative precipitation) at the midnight timestamp (00:00) are the 15-minute averages and totals for the 23:45-23:59 time period of the previous day. Cumulative precipitation data at the midnight timestamp (00:00) are the sum of raw (unrounded) precipitation data from 00:00 to 23:59 of the previous day. Summing each individual 15-minute total precipitation value from the same period will result in small differences from cumulative precipitation due to rounding. It is especially important to note how data at the midnight timestamp are recorded when using January 1st and December 31st data. Note: Cumulative precipitation is no longer available via export from the CDMO. Please contact the reserve or the CDMO for more information or to obtain these data.

Precipitation data collected with rain gauges that are not designed specifically for measuring frozen precipitation (snow/ice/hail), including heated gauges and those that use antifreeze to melt frozen precipitation, may not be measured accurately. Blowing wind, sublimation, and rate of snowfall/ice melt all effect the amount of recorded precipitation. The reserve has made attempts to accurately record dates and times when frozen precipitation and subsequent melting has occurred. Snowfall has been fairly minimal in recent years and none was noted in 2023.

CDMO Updates to PAR 06/27/2025:

There were noticeable changes in PAR values following the swap to a freshly calibrated sensor (assumed to be accurate) on 08/28/2024. Post deployment drift for the sensor that was installed on 05/24/2023 and removed on 08/28/2024 is not available. All PAR data 1 year prior the sensor swap, from 08/28/2023 00:15 to 08/27/2024 09:15, when the

station was powered down, are flagged and coded as <1> SSD CSM. PAR data for the remainder of this deployment, 05/24/2023 13:15-08/28/2023 00:00 are flagged and coded <0> CSM and users should note that drift for that period may have exceeded acceptable limits as well.

Data for all parameters are missing from 07/13/2024 (0415-1430 and 1500-1600) due to download errors.