Hudson River (HUD) NERR Meteorological Metadata

January - December 2001

Latest Update: August 23, 2024

I. Data Set & Research Descriptors

1. Principal Investigator: William C. Nieder, Research Coordinator

Contact Person: William C. Nieder

Hudson River NERR

c/o Bard College Field Station

Annandale, NY 12504

wcnieder@gw.dec.state.ny.us

2. Entry verification

Person responsible for data verification: Erik Bedan, Research Assistant

a) Data Input Procedures:

The 15-minute, 1-hour average, and 24-hour data were downloaded from each instrument on the weather station to a Campbell Scientific CR10X datalogger. The CDMO Datalogger Program (hud30.csi) was loaded into the CR10X, which controls the sensors and the data collection schedule (see 2b of the Entry Verification section for the data collection schedule). For data storage, the CR10X stored the data, via cable, on a Campbell Scientific SM 192 storage module. The storage module was manually retrieved at the end of every month. Using the PC208W software supplied by Campbell Scientific, the data were downloaded from the storage module and stored on computer. All raw data files were archived at the CDMO and at the reserve on ditto tapes, and CD-ROM. Anomalous or missing data were either deleted or identified in sections 11 & 12.

When the entire month of data were stored on computer, the CDMO Weather Data Management Program (WDMP) was used to convert the data into an Access database. This program was developed in Visual Basic to interface with the NERRS data collection schedule (see 2b of the Entry Verification section for the data collection schedule). The WDMP will automatically input and convert the monthly raw data file into an Access Database. There were three main tasks completed by the WDMP. First, it converted the comma delimited monthly raw data file into an Access Database. Secondly, it checked the data against a predetermined set of error criteria (see Part C of this section). Finally, it produced error and summary reports. Any anomalous data were investigated and were noted below in Anomalous Data section. Any data corrections that were performed were noted in the Data Correction section below. Most common errors from monthly reports were wind speeds below the 0.5m/s criteria.

- b) Data Collection Schedule
 - i) Data is collected in the following formats:

- 1) 15 minute data are instantaneous readings except for PAR and precipitation data that are totalized from 5 second samples sorted by date and time. (Arrays 150 and 151)
- 2) Hourly averages (Arrays 101 and 102) are calculated from 5 second samples sorted by date and time except for PAR and precipitation data that are hourly totals calculated from 15 minute totals (Arrays 105 and 106).
- 3) Daily average (arrays 241 and 242), maximum with time, and minimum with time (arrays 243 and 244) are calculated from 5 second samples sorted by date and time except for PAR and precipitation data which are 24 hour totals calculated from hourly totals (arrays 245 and 246).
- ii) 15 minute sample point parameters: Date, Time, Air Temperature (°C), Relative Humidity (%), LiCor (PAR), Barometric Pressure (mb), Wind Speed (m/s), Wind Direction (Array 150); Rainfall (mm) (Array 151)
- iii) Hourly average parameters: Date, Time, Air Temperature (°C), Relative Humidity (%), Barometric Pressure (mb) (Array 101); Wind Speed (m/s), Wind Direction, Wind Speed Maximum (Array 102)
- iv) Hourly total parameters: LiCor (PAR) (Array 105); Rainfall (mm) (Array 106)
- v) Daily Average parameters: Date, Time, Air Temperature (°C), Relative Humidity (%), Barometric Pressure (mb) (Array 241); Wind Speed (m/s), Wind Direction, Wind Direction Standard Deviation (using Yamartino's Algorithm) (Array 242)
- vi) Daily Total parameter: LiCor (PAR) (Array 245); Rainfall (mm) (Array 246)
- vii) Daily Maximum parameters: Date, Time, Air Temperature (°C), Time, Relative Humidity (%), Time, LiCor (PAR), Time, Barometric Pressure (mb), Time, Wind Speed (m/s), Time, Battery Voltage, Time (Array 243)
- viii) Daily Minimum parameters: Date, Time, Air Temperature (°C), Time, Relative Humidity (%), Time, LiCor (PAR), Time, Barometric Pressure (mb), Time, Wind Speed (m/s), Time, Battery Voltage, Time (Array 244)

c) Error/Anomalous Data Criteria

Air Temp:

- 15 min sample greater than max for the day
- 15 min sample less than the min for the day
- 15 min sample greater than 3.0 °C from the previous 15 minutes
- Max and Min values not recorded for the day
- 1-hour average greater than 10% above the greatest 15 min sample recorded in the hour

Relative Humidity:

- Changed by more than 25% from the previous 15 minutes
- Max and Min values not recorded for the day

- 1-hour average greater than 10% above the greatest 15 min sample recorded in the hour

Rainfall:

- Precipitation greater than 5 mm in 15 minutes
- No precipitation for the month

Wind Speed:

- Wind speed greater than 30 m/s
- Wind speed less than 0.5 m/s

Wind Direction:

- Wind direction greater than 360 degrees
- Wind direction less than 0 degrees

Pressure:

- Pressure greater than 1040 mb or less than 980 mb
- Pressure changes greater than 5 mb per hour
- Max and Min values not recorded for the day
- 1-hour average greater than 10% above the greatest 15 min sample recorded in the hour

Time:

- 15-minute interval not recorded

For all data:

- Duplicate interval data

3. Research objectives:

The objective of this study is to monitor the meteorological conditions at the Tivoli Bays component of the Hudson River National Estuarine Research Reserve. Measurements are taken all year long at one location in accordance with section 2b of the Entry Verification section. A water quality-monitoring program has been ongoing for ten years at this component site, and the meteorological data will help provide ancillary data to that program. In turn, this will help us to better understand the relationships between the atmospheric and aquatic environments at this site.

4. Research methods:

For data collection, the CR10X datalogger is programmed at intervals that are in accordance with section 2b of the Entry Verification section. Data are retrieved and stored from the datalogger via the Campbell Scientific storage module at the end of each month. The data are analyzed using only the Weather Data Management Program (WDMP). The program creates a database and error report for each month of raw data. The error reports are used to aid in the QA/QC of the data, along with the guidelines in section 2c. Any errors are reported and corrected (if necessary) in sections 11 & 12. For routine maintenance,

sensors are investigated at least once a week to ensure there is no damage or blockage to the sensors. According to Campbell Scientific, for proper data collection, sensors are to be calibrated every two 2 years. After that time, the sensors are removed from the tower, and shipped to their respective manufacturer. Calibration methods are performed by the manufacturers for proper and professional calibration. In order to avoid missing data, a second set of sensors will be calibrated and available to be installed on the tower to continue data collection.

5. Site location and character:

The Hudson River National Estuarine Research Reserve (HUDNERR) is a multicomponent site composed of approximately 5,000 acres of tidal wetland, open water, and adjacent upland buffer habitat. The four component sites of the Reserve are located on the Hudson River in New York State by river miles (RM) proceeding north from the southern tip of Manhattan. These include: Stockport Flats (RM 124)(42002'30"N 73046'00"W), Columbia County; Tivoli Bays (RM 98)(42002'15"N 73055'10"W), Dutchess County; and Iona Island (RM 45)(41018'15"N 73058'45"W) and Piermont Marsh (RM 24)(41002'30"N 73054'15"W), Rockland County. These four components are located along 100 river miles of the Hudson River and are representative of the diverse plant and animal communities that occupy the salinity gradient within the Hudson estuary. Development within the watersheds of Hudson River NERR component sites ranges from predominantly urban/suburban to forested/agricultural.

The weather station where the data is collected is located at the Tivoli Bays component site with a position of 4652363.868N 589163.567W. The main office for the Hudson River NERR is at the same site. Outside the office building is a 24'x 18' wood deck, 9 feet off the ground, on the west side of the building. The weather station tower is affixed to this deck with the sensors atop a 30' tower, except for the following. A heated rain gauge is attached to the building, next to the tower, 7 feet up from deck. The temperature/barometer sensor is next to the tower, attached to the railing, 3 feet up from the deck. Although trees surround the area, the tree line begins approximately 60 feet from the tower in most directions and the sensors are not shaded. It is not yet known if there is any wind blockage from the trees because both tower and trees are at similar heights. The tower is approximately 1.2 miles Southeast of the TS water quality monitoring station, 2.3 miles Southeast of the TN water quality monitoring station, and 0.2 miles Northwest of the SK water quality monitoring station.

6. Data collection period:

The first data were recorded on January 10, 2001 at 15:15 hours EST, and ended on December 31, 2001 at 2400 hours EST.

7. Distribution

According to the Ocean and Coastal Resource Management Data Dissemination Policy for the NERRS System-wide Monitoring Program, NOAA/ERD retains the right to analyze, synthesize and publish summaries of the NERRS System-wide Monitoring Program data. The PI retains the right to be fully credited for having collected and processed the data. Following academic courtesy standards, the PI and NERR site where the data were collected will be contacted and fully acknowledged in any subsequent publications in which any part of the data are used. Manuscripts resulting from the NOAA/OCRM supported research that are produced for publication in open literature, including refereed scientific journals, will acknowledge that the research was conducted under an award from the Estuarine Reserves Division, Office of Ocean and Coastal Resource Management, National Ocean Service, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The data set enclosed within this package/transmission is only as good as the quality assurance/quality control procedures outlined by the enclosed metadata reporting statement. The user bears all responsibility for its subsequent use/misuse in any further analyses or comparisons. The Federal government does not assume liability to the Recipient or third persons, nor will the Federal government reimburse or indemnify the Recipient for its liability due to any losses resulting in any way from the use of this data. NERR weather data and metadata can be obtained from the Research Coordinator at the individual NERR site (please see Section 1 Principal investigators and contact persons), from the Data Manager at the Centralized Data Management Office (please see personnel directory under the general information link on the CDMO home page) and online at the CDMO home page http://cdmo.baruch.sc.edu. Data are available in text format and Access data tables.

8. Associated researchers and projects:

The Hudson River NERR water quality-monitoring program examines the physical and chemical constituents of the tributary waters and the tidal waters discharging into the HUDNERR marshes and marsh waters. Measurements include total suspended solids (TSS), dissolved oxygen (DO), alkalinity, pH, temperature, salinity, and conductivity, as well as, concentrations of nitrate, phosphate, sulphate, and chloride. Associated researchers with work at Tivoli Bays include: scientists from the Institute of Ecosystem Studies, Millbrook, NY; Yale School of Forestry and Environmental Studies, New Haven, CT; and Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, NY.

- II. Physical Structure Descriptors
- 9. Sensor specifications, operating range, accuracy, date of last calibration

Li-Cor Quantum Sensor Model # LI190SB Stability: <±2% change over 1 yr Operating Temperature: -40 to 65°C Sensitivity: typically 5 μA per 1000μmoles s-1 m-2

Light spectrum wavelength: 400-700 nm Date of last calibration: December 2000

Wind Sentry Model # 03001

Operating Range: 0-50 m/s; 360° mechanical Date of last calibration: December 2000

Temperature and Relative Humidity

Model #: HMP35C

Operating Range: -35°C to 50°C

Temperature Accuracy: ± 0.2°C @ 20°C

Relative Humidity Measurement Range: 0-100% non-condensing

RH Accuracy: ±2% RH (0-90%) and ±3%(90-100%)

Uncertainty of calibration: ±1.2% RH Date of Last calibration: December 2000

Barometric Pressure Sensor

Model # CS105

Operating Range: 600 to 1060 mb Operating Temperature: -40°C to 60°C

Humidity: non-condensing

Accuracy: ± 0.5 to 6.0 mb ($\pm 20^{\circ}$ C to 60°C)

Stability: ± 0.1 mb per year

Date of Last calibration: December 2000

Tipping Bucket Rain and Snow Gauge

Model #: 375-L

Operating Range: -20°C to 50°C; 0-100% RH

Resolution: 0.1mm

Accuracy: ±0.5% at <12.5mm/hr; ±2.0%@<75mm/hr rate

Date of Last calibration: December 2000

10. Coded variable indicator and variable code definitions:

Field Station at Tivoli Bays = FS

11. Data anomalies:

Arrays:

During 2022 all pre-2007 weather data were revisited by the CDMO. Historically those datasets included 15 minute, hourly (60), and daily data arrays (144). As directed by the NERRS Data Management Committee, the CDMO removed the hourly and daily data arrays leaving only the 15 minute data to make the entire NERRS SWMP weather dataset consistent in its reporting. All references to the 60 and 144 arrays were left in the metadata document as they may still provide valuable information, but users should be aware that they are largely no longer relevant. The updated datasets were uploaded to the

database and made available through the various data applications at www.nerrsdata.org/get/landing.cfm throughout the fall of 2022.

PAR flagging update August 2024:

During SWMP data synthesis work it was noted that PAR values were anomalously high beginning in 2001 and returned to more expected values following the sensor swap on June 3, 2002. PAR data flagging was changed by the CDMO to suspect from January 10, 2001 15:15 through June 3, 2002 07:45.

January 2001

Anomalous criteria for wind speed (i.e. "wind speed is less than 0.5m/s") were listed many times in the WDMP error report for this month as possible errors. We are certain the sensor was operating properly, most likely there was simply no wind. The data were left in.

Hourly and daily data were deleted on day 16 due to maintenance on the station which results in 5 second data loss.

Array ID		Julian	Day	Time Error
101	16	16	900	Technician changed 101 Array data from 16 (16) 900
to 16 (16) 900			
102	16	16	900	Technician changed 102 Array from 16 (16) 900 to
16 (16	900 (
241	16	16	2400	Technician changed 241 Array from 16 (16) 2400 to
16 (16) 2400				
242	16	16	2400	Technician changed 242 Array from 16 (16) 2400 to
16 (16) 2400				
243	16	16	2400	Technician changed 243 Array data from 16 (16) 2400
to 16 (16) 2400				
244	16	16	2400	Technician changed 244 Array data from 16 (16) 2400
to 16 (16) 2400				

February 2001

Anomalous criteria for wind speed (i.e. "wind speed is less than 0.5m/s") were listed many times in the WDMP error report for the month as possible errors. We are certain the sensor was operating properly, most likely there was simply no wind. The data were left in.

Data points were reviewed before and after this error, and there was a notable change, but the data were consistent. Most other parameters changed along with the relative humidity, it was most likely an event. The data were left in.

```
Array Julian Day Time Error

150 33 2 2045 Rel hum difference from 2 (33) 2045 (97.213) to 2 (33) 2100 (64.048) is greater than 25%
```

Before and after data, from the data below, were found to be consistent. The sensor measures up to 1040mb, but the data were within the percent error of the instrument. The data were left in.

Array	Julian	Day	Time	Error	
	150	43	12	530	Pressure is greater than 1040 or less than 980 on
12 (43) 530 (10	040.1)			C
•	150	43	12	545	Pressure is greater than 1040 or less than 980 on
12 (43) 545 (10	040.4)			
	150	43	12	600	Pressure is greater than 1040 or less than 980 on
12 (43) 600 (10	040.4)			
	150	43	12	615	Pressure is greater than 1040 or less than 980 on
12 (43) 615 (10	040.3)			
	150	43	12	630	Pressure is greater than 1040 or less than 980 on
12 (43) 630 (10	040.3)			
	150	43	12	645	Pressure is greater than 1040 or less than 980 on
12 (43) 645 (10	040.2)			
	150	43	12	700	Pressure is greater than 1040 or less than 980 on
12 (43) 700 (10	040.3)			
	150	43	12	715	Pressure is greater than 1040 or less than 980 on
12 (43	12 (43) 715 (1040.6)				
	150	43	12	730	Pressure is greater than 1040 or less than 980 on
12 (43) 730 (10	040.7)			
	150	43	12	745	Pressure is greater than 1040 or less than 980 on
12 (43	12 (43) 745 (1040.6)				
	150	43	12	800	Pressure is greater than 1040 or less than 980 on
12 (43) 800 (10	-			
	150	43	12	815	Pressure is greater than 1040 or less than 980 on
12 (43) 815 (1040.5)					
	150	43	12	830	Pressure is greater than 1040 or less than 980 on
12 (43) 830 (1040.5)					
	150	43	12	845	Pressure is greater than 1040 or less than 980 on
12 (43	12 (43) 845 (1040.4)				
40 /	150	43	12	900	Pressure is greater than 1040 or less than 980 on
12 (43) 900 (1040.2)					

March 2001

Anomalous criteria for wind speed (i.e. "wind speed is less than 0.5m/s") were listed many times in the WDMP error report for the month as possible errors. We are certain the sensor was operating properly, most likely there was simply no wind. The data were left in.

Anomalous criteria for wind speed (i.e. "wind speed is less than 0.5m/s") were listed many times in the WDMP error report for the month as possible errors. We are certain the sensor was operating properly, most likely there was simply no wind. The data were left in.

Data points were reviewed before and after this error, and there was a notable change, but the data were consistent. Most other parameters change along with the relative humidity, it was most likely an event. The data were left in.

Array Julian Day Time Error

150 99 9 1915 Rel hum difference from 9 (99) 1915 (53.417) to 9 (99) 1930 (80.899) is greater than 25%

This error is possible because the "1 hour data" is averaged from 5-second readings taken during that hour while the "15 minute data" (in this case the 15 minute minimum) is not averaged, and only recorded at 15-minute intervals. Given the situation, these data can be very different. The data were left in.

Array Julian Day Time Error

101 119 29 1800 Relative humidity average in 1 hour data (19.65) is less than 15 minute minimum (21.839)

May 2001

Anomalous criteria for wind speed (i.e. "wind speed is less than 0.5m/s") were listed many times in the WDMP error report for the month as possible errors. We are certain the sensor was operating properly, most likely there was simply no wind. The data were left in.

Data points were reviewed before and after this error, and there was a notable change, but the data were consistent. Most other parameters change along with the air temperature, it was most likely an event. The data were left in.

Array Julian Day Time Error

150 148 28 1130 Air temp difference from 28 (148) 1130 (20.015) to 28 (148) 1145 (15.657) is greater than 3.0 degrees C

Data points before and after the following were reviewed, and there were notable changes, but the data were consistent. Most other parameters change along with the relative humidity, they were all most likely an event. The data were left in.

Array Julian Day Time Error

```
150 134 14 1115 Rel hum difference from 14 ( 134) 1115 ( 43.837) to 14 ( 134) 1130 ( 71.047) is greater than 25% 134 14 1130 Rel hum difference from 14 ( 134) 1130 ( 71.047) to 14 ( 134) 1145 ( 39.947) is greater than 25%
```

The following error is from calculations the WDMP made with data that were several days apart because there were a number of days with missing data recorded (i.e. 11111's). The data were left in.

```
Array Julian Day Time Error

150 121 1 1130 Pressure difference from 1 (121) 1130 (1016.6) to 9 (129) 1030 (1021.7) is greater than 5 mb
```

There was an unexplained low daily minimum pressure value of 925mb recorded on May 15 at 925.

June 2001

Anomalous criteria for wind speed (i.e. "wind speed is less than 0.5m/s") were listed many times in the WDMP error report for the month as possible errors. We are certain the sensor was operating properly, most likely there was simply no wind. The data were left in.

Data points before and after the following were reviewed, and there were a notable changes, but the data were consistent. Most other parameters change along with the air temperature, they were all most likely an event. The data were left in.

```
Julian Day
                       Time
Array
                              Error
150
       154
               3
                       800
                              Air temp difference from 3 (154) 800 (17.33) to
3 (154) 815 (11.583) is greater than 3.0 degrees C
150
       171
                       1515
                              Air temp difference from 20 (171) 1515 (31.433)
to 20 (171) 1530 (26.801) is greater than 3.0 degrees C
150
       181
               30
                       1730
                              Air temp difference from 30 (181) 1730 (28.483)
to 30 (181) 1745 (22.946) is greater than 3.0 degrees C
```

Data points before and after the following were reviewed, and there were notable changes, but they were all most likely an event. The data were left in.

```
30 ( 154) 830 ( 4.064) is greater than 5 mm
151 162 11 1830 Precip difference from 30 ( 162) 1830 ( 1.27) to
30 ( 162) 1845 ( 7.62) is greater than 5 mm
```

July 2001

Anomalous criteria for wind speed (i.e. "wind speed is less than 0.5m/s") were listed many times in the WDMP error report for this month as possible errors. We are certain the sensor was operating properly, most likely there was simply no wind. The data were left in.

Data points were reviewed before and after the following errors. There was a notable change, but the data were consistent. Other parameters changed along with the air temperature, it was most likely an event. The data were left in.

```
Array JulD CalD Time Error Message
150 186 5 1145 Air temp difference from 5 (186) 1145 (26.849) to 5 (186) 1200 (21.77) is greater than 3.0 degrees C
150 196 15 1415 Air temp difference from 15 (196) 1415 (25.632) to 15 (196) 1430 (21.714) is greater than 3.0 degrees C
```

Data points were reviewed before and after the following error. There was a notable change, and it was most likely an event. The data were left in.

```
Array JulD CalD Time Error Message
151 185 4 2000 Precip difference from 4 (185) 2000 (5.588) to 4 (185) 2015 (.508) is greater than 5 mm
```

August 2001

Anomalous criteria for wind speed (i.e. "wind speed is less than 0.5m/s") were listed many times in the WDMP error report for this month as possible errors. We are certain the sensor was operating properly, most likely there was simply no wind. The data were left in.

Data points were reviewed before and after the following errors. There was a notable change, and it was most likely an event. The data were left in.

```
Array JulD CalD
                      Time
                              Error Message
       225
                              Precip difference from 13 (225) 1315 (4.572) to 13 (
151
               13
                      1315
225) 1330 (10.414) is greater than 5 mm
151
       225
                              Precip difference from 13 (225) 1330 (10.414) to 13
               13
                      1330
(225) 1345 (1.016) is greater than 5 mm
151
                      2145
                              Precip difference from 31 (243) 2145 (1.016) to 31 (
       243
               31
243) 2200 (8.89) is greater than 5 mm
```

September 2001

Anomalous criteria for wind speed (i.e. "wind speed is less than 0.5m/s") were listed many times in the WDMP error report for this month as possible errors. We are certain the sensor was operating properly, most likely there was simply no wind. The data were left in.

Data points were reviewed before and after the following error. There was a notable change, but the data were consistent. Other parameters changed along with the air temperature, it was most likely an event. The data were left in.

```
Array JulD CalD Time Error Message
150 266 23 1530 Air temp difference from 23 ( 266) 1530 ( 24.141) to
23 ( 266) 1545 ( 27.272) is greater than 3.0 degrees C
```

Data points were reviewed before and after the following error. There was a notable change, and it was most likely an event. The data were left in.

```
Array JulD CalD Time Error Message
151 256 13 1945 Precip difference from 13 ( 256) 1945 ( 5.588) to 13 ( 256) 2000 ( .254) is greater than 5 mm
```

October 2001

No data is available for this month. Upon retrieval of data, it was found to have improper dates and times for the month. One explanation maybe that the datalogger lost power, and reset all memory when power was re-established.

November 2001

Anomalous criteria for wind speed (i.e. "wind speed is less than 0.5m/s") were listed many times in the WDMP error report for this month as possible errors. We are certain the sensor was operating properly, most likely there was simply no wind. The data were left in.

Data points were reviewed before and after the following error. There was a notable change, but the data were consistent. It was most likely an event. The data were left in.

```
Array JulD CalD Time Error Message
150 313 9 300 Rel hum difference from 9 ( 313) 300 ( 81.087) to 9 (
313) 315 ( 54.93) is greater than 25%
```

At this site, wintery weather requires us to utilize a heating tipping bucket for precipitation data. The heater may not have been functioning this month, precipitation data are suspect.

December 2001

Anomalous criteria for wind speed (i.e. "wind speed is less than 0.5m/s") were listed many times in the WDMP error report for this month as possible errors. We are certain the sensor was operating properly, most likely there was simply no wind. The data were left in.

At this site, wintery weather requires us to utilize a heating tipping bucket for precipitation data. The heater may not have been functioning this month, precipitation data are suspect.

12. Missing data:

Arrays:

During 2022 all pre-2007 weather data were revisited by the CDMO. Historically those datasets included 15 minute, hourly (60), and daily data arrays (144). As directed by the NERRS Data Management Committee, the CDMO removed the hourly and daily data arrays leaving only the 15 minute data to make the entire NERRS SWMP weather dataset consistent in its reporting. All references to the 60 and 144 arrays were left in the metadata document as they may still provide valuable information, but users should be aware that they are largely no longer relevant. The updated datasets were uploaded to the database and made available through the various data applications at www.nerrsdata.org/get/landing.cfm throughout the fall of 2022.

Data are missing due to equipment failure, or no probes deployed, or maintenance of equipment. To find out more details about missing data, contact the Research Coordinator at the site submitting the data.

January 2001

Array	Julian	Day	Time	Error	
101	1	1	100	Missing 101 Array data (Hourly Averages) from 1 (
1) 100	to 10 (1	.0) 1500			
102	1	1	100	Missing 102 Array data (Hourly Average Wind	
Parame	eters) fr	om 1(1	.) 100 to	10 (10) 1500	
241	1	1	2400	Missing 241 data (Daily Averages) from 1 (1)	
2400 to	9 (9)	2400			
242	1	1	2400	Missing 242 data (Daily Average Wind Parameters)	
from 1 (1) 2400 to 9 (9) 2400					
	243	1	1	2400 Missing 243 data (Daily Max/Time Values) from 1 (
1) 240	to 9 (9)	2400			
244	1	1	2400	Missing 244 data (Daily Min/Time Values) from 1 (
1) 2400 to 9 (9) 2400					
150	1	1	15	Missing 150 Array data (15 minute data) from 1 (
1) 15 to 10 (10) 1500					
150	16	16	845	Missing 150 Array (15 minute data)	

May 2001

Array	Julian	Day	Time	Error
150 1145 to	1 9 (129	121) 1015	1015	Missing 150 Array data (15 minute data) from 1 (121)
150 815 to	21 21 (141	141) 1430	815	Missing 150 Array data (15 minute data) from 21 (141)
101 1200 to	1 9 (129	121) 1000	1200	Missing 101 Array data (Hourly Averages) from 1 (121)
101 900 to	21 21 (141	141) 1400	900	Missing 101 Array data (Hourly Averages) from 21 (141)
102 from 1	1 (121) 1	121 200 to 9	1200 9 (129) 1	Missing 102 Array data (Hourly Average Wind Parameters) 1000
102 from 2	21 1 (141)	141 800 to 2	800 21 (141)	Missing 102 Array data (Hourly Average Wind Parameters) 1400
241 to 8 (1	1 .28) 240	121 0	2400	Missing 241 data (Daily Averages) from 1 (121) 2400
242 1 (121	1 .) 2400 to	121 o 8 (128	2400 3) 2400	Missing 242 data (Daily Average Wind Parameters) from
243 2400 to	1) 8 (128	121) 2400	2400	Missing 243 data (Daily Max/Time Values) from 1 (121)
244 2400 to	1 8 (128	121) 2400	2400	Missing 244 data (Daily Min/Time Values) from 1 (121)

October 2001

No data is available for this month. Upon retrieval of data, it was found to have improper dates and times for the month. One explanation maybe that the datalogger lost power, and reset all memory when power was re-established.

13. Other Remarks/notes:

Arrays:

During 2022 all pre-2007 weather data were revisited by the CDMO. Historically those datasets included 15 minute, hourly (60), and daily data arrays (144). As directed by the NERRS Data Management Committee, the CDMO removed the hourly and daily data arrays leaving only the 15 minute data to

make the entire NERRS SWMP weather dataset consistent in its reporting. All references to the 60 and 144 arrays were left in the metadata document as they may still provide valuable information, but users should be aware that they are largely no longer relevant. The updated datasets were uploaded to the database and made available through the various data applications at www.nerrsdata.org/get/landing.cfm throughout the fall of 2022.

Precipitation:

During the initial years of NERRS SWMP weather data collection the CR10X programming was inconsistent in how precipitation values were recorded. For most reserves, zeros were not recorded when rainfall had not occurred between 2001-2003, instead no rainfall was represented by a blank cell. The CDMO verified which datasets were impacted by this issue for the 2001-2006 datasets and inserted zeros when the metadata indicated that no precipitation occurred and data were not missing for other reasons. In some cases, zero values for precipitation data were evaluated and removed where the metadata confirmed that no rainfall should have been in the dataset. The pre-2007 data did not go through a thorough QAQC process again at that time (in addition to previous QAQC); however, if discrepancies were noticed between what was documented in the metadata and what was in the dataset, additional updates may have been made. The updated datasets were uploaded to the database and made available through the various data applications at www.nerrsdata.org/get/landing.cfm throughout early 2023.

PAR flagging update August 2024:

During SWMP data synthesis work it was noted that PAR values were anomalously high beginning in 2001 and returned to more expected values following the sensor swap on June 3, 2002. PAR data flagging was changed by the CDMO to suspect from January 10, 2001 15:15 through June 3, 2002 07:45.

Please note, monthly totals are not available in months where there was missing data.

Rain Events:

January

Date	RainAmount (mm)
15	.508
19	3.048
21	8.128
30	11.684
31	.254

February

Date	RainAmount (mm)
5	16.002
6	.254
9	1.778
10	.254
14	.762
16	1.524
22	1.524
23	.254

"Monthly Total"32.0

March

RainAmount (mm) Date 4 1.524 5 15.748 6 4.572 9 7.112 13 12.700 17 1.270 21 12.192 22 2.794 29 .762 30 37.846

April

Date RainAmount (mm) 2.286 6 7 1.778 7.366 8 9 1.524 12 1.016 21 .762

May

Date RainAmount (mm) 22 31.750 23 29.210 24 1.016 25 2.540 26 7.620 27 15.240 28 4.064

June

RainAmount (mm) Date 1 6.858 2 30.734 3 21.082

[&]quot;Monthly Total"96.5

[&]quot;Monthly Total"14.7

```
11 12.192
17 19.304
20 .762
21 .254
23 17.780
29 .254
30 8.128
```

"Monthly Total"117.3

July Date RainAmount (mm) 4 7.112 5 4.826 1 2.540 8 1.270 9 2.286 11 5.334 15 .508 17 1.778 26 11.430 Monthly Total 37.1

August

Date	Rainam	ount (mm)
3	.508	
4	4.064	
10	1.016	
12	12.192	
13	22.606	
17	1.016	
20	2.794	
28	1.524	
31	10.668	
Monthl	y Total	56.4

September

Date	RainAm	ount (mm)
4	3.302		
10	1.016		
13	12.446		
14	13.970		
20	21.844		
21	5.842		
24	1.016		
25	12.700		
28	6.096		
Month	ly Total	78.2	

November

Rainamount (mm) Date 20 4.318 24 .508

25 12.446

28 .762

29 4.318 30 11.684

Monthly Total 34.0

December

RainAmount (mm) Date

9 .508 1.778 10 11 9.652 12 .762 13 2.032 14 9.652 17 7.366 18 7.112 23 2.032 24 6.858

.254 Monthly Total 48.0

25