North Carolina (NOC) NERR Meteorological Metadata

January 2021 – December 2021 Latest Update: 09/29/2023

I. Data Set and Research Descriptors

1) Principal investigator(s) and contact persons –

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2) Entry verification -

Data are uploaded from the CR1000 data logger to a personal computer with a Windows 7 or newer operating system. Files are exported from LoggerNet in a comma-delimited format and uploaded to the CDMO where they undergo automated primary QAQC and become part of the CDMO's online provisional database. During primary QAQC, data are flagged if they are missing or out of sensor range. The edited file is then returned to the reserve where it is opened in Microsoft Excel and processed using the CDMO's NERRQAQC Excel macro. The macro inserts station codes, creates metadata worksheets for flagged data and summary statistics, and graphs the data for review. It allows the user to apply QAQC flags and codes to the data, append files, and export the resulting data file to the CDMO for tertiary QAQC and assimilation into the CDMO's authoritative online database. For more information on QAQC flags and QAQC codes, see Sections 11 and 12. Byron Toothman and Heather Wells are responsible for station maintenance and data management.

3) Research objectives -

The principal objectives are to establish long-term monitoring of the weather in the vicinity of Masonboro Island, to obtain better data on storms and to be able to correlate the weather, water quality, chlorophyll and nutrient data. In addition, the weather data collected will be used in support of other ongoing projects within the Reserve and nearby area.

4) Research methods -

Campbell Scientific data telemetry equipment was installed at the Research Creek station on 06/15/1997 and transmits data to the NOAA GOES satellite, NESDIS ID ##3B02028E. The transmissions are scheduled hourly at 0:01:30 after the hour and contain four (4) data sets reflecting fifteen minute data sampling intervals. Upon receipt by the CDMO, the data undergoes the same automated primary QAQC

process detailed in Section 2 above. The "real-time" telemetry data become part of the provisional dataset until undergoing secondary and tertiary QAQC and assimilation in the CDMO's authoritative online database. Provisional and authoritative data are available at http://cdmo.baruch.sc.edu.

The 15-minute data are collected in the following formats for the **CR1000**:

Averages from 5-second data:

Air Temperature (°C), Relative Humidity (%), Barometric Pressure (mb), Wind Speed (m/s), Wind Direction (degrees), Battery Voltage (volts)

Maximum and Minimum Air Temperature (°C) and their times from 5-second data (these data are available from the reserve)

Maximum Wind Speed (m/s) and time from 5-second data

Wind Direction Standard Deviation (degrees)

Totals:

Precipitation (mm), PAR (millimoles/m²), and Cumulative Precipitation (mm) (Cumulative precipitation is no longer available via export from the CDMO. Please contact the reserve or the CDMO for more information or to obtain these data.)

Recommended calibration frequency for the MET station sensors:

- Temperature/Humidity- yearly recalibration
- Precipitation Gauge- yearly recalibration
- Wind Speed/Direction- yearly or every 2 years (depending on the sensor)
- Barometric Pressure- every 2 years recalibration
- PAR- every 2 years recalibration
- CR1000/CR1000X-every 5 years (required beginning 2014)

5) Site location and character -

The components of North Carolina's National Estuarine Research Reserve (from north to south) are: Currituck Banks, Rachel Carson, Masonboro Island, and Zeke's Island. They are located along the southeast Atlantic coast of the United States. Currently, only data from Masonboro Island and Zeke's Island components are transferred to the CDMO.

The meteorological site is located on Masonboro Island, 2.09 km from the NOC

NERR lab, and approximately 76.2 meters from the Research Creek water quality deployment site. The weather station is located on an active dredge spoil island adjacent to Research Creek east of the Intracoastal Waterway. It is directly across the Intracoastal Waterway from Whiskey Creek, at 34° 9′ 19.80 N, 77° 51′ 3.24 W. The station sits at an elevation of approximately 4.88 m above sea level, slightly offset from the highest point of the spoil, which has a maximum elevation of approximately 5.8 m. The site has scrub surrounding the periphery, and grassy cover in the central areas. The weather station consists of a 3-meter aluminum tower that holds the wind sensor (wind speed and direction) at a height of 3.68 m and the PAR sensor at a height of 3.66 m. The temperature and relative humidity sensor is mounted on the tower at 2.39 m and the barometric pressure sensor, which is inside of the datalogger housing, is mounted at a height of 1.75 m. The rain gauge is located on a separate platform 7.62 m east south east of the tower and is mounted at a height of 1.79 m. The sensors were wired to the CR1000 (Campbell datalogger) according to the protocol in the Meteorological Monitoring SOP. There are no surrounding objects that obstruct or shade the weather station.

SWMP Station Timeline

Station Code	SWMP	Station	Location	Active	Reason	Notes
	Status	Name		Dates	Decommissioned	
NOCRCMET	Research	P	34° 9′ 19.80 N,	01/01/2001 -	NA	NA
	Creek		77° 51' 3.24 W	12/31/2021		

6) Data collection period -

Collection of meteorological data began on March 15, 1997. Instruments were deployed prior to this date; however, data were for initial testing and verification of functions, and have since been discarded. The data collection period for 2021 began on January 1 at 00:00 and ended on December 31 at 23:45.

File Start Date and Time	File End Date and Time
12/30/2020 16:30	04/19/2021 13:15
04/19/2021 13:30	07/20/2021 15:30
07/20/2021 15:45	10/13/2021 14:30
10/13/2021 14:45	12/17/2021 16:45
12/17/2021 17:00	02/02/2022 12:45

7) Distribution -

NOAA retains the right to analyze, synthesize and publish summaries of the NERRS System-wide Monitoring Program data. The NERRS retains the right to be fully credited for having collected and processed the data. Following academic courtesy standards, the NERR site where the data were collected should be contacted and fully acknowledged in any subsequent publications in which any part of the data are used. The data set enclosed within this package/transmission is only as good as the quality assurance and quality control procedures outlined by the enclosed metadata reporting statement. The user bears all responsibility for its subsequent use/misuse in any further analyses or comparisons. The Federal government does not assume liability to the Recipient or third persons, nor will the Federal government reimburse or indemnify the Recipient for its liability due to any losses resulting in any way from the use of this data.

Requested citation format:

NOAA National Estuarine Research Reserve System (NERRS). System-wide Monitoring Program. Data accessed from the NOAA NERRS Centralized Data Management Office website: http://www.nerrsdata.org/; accessed 12 October 2022.

NERR meteorological data and metadata can be obtained from the Research Coordinator at the individual NERR site (please see Principal Investigators and Contact Persons), from the Data Manager at the Centralized Data Management Office (please see personnel directory under the general information link on the CDMO home page) and online at the CDMO home page www.nerrsdata.org. Data are available in comma delimited format.

8) Associated researchers and projects -

Meteorological data will be used to augment other research components of the System Wide Monitoring Program (SWMP) that currently include water quality, chlorophyll and nutrient monitoring. The principal objective of the water quality monitoring is to record long-term water quality data in order to observe and document any physical and chemical changes or trends in water quality over time. The objective of the chlorophyll and nutrient monitoring study is to ascertain the annual and tidal fluctuations in nutrient and chlorophyll a levels surrounding the four water quality sites.

Additional projects are ongoing and continually changing. Check with the Research Coordinator or other contact person for an updated list of research (see section I.1.).

As part of the SWMP long-term monitoring program, NOC NERR also collects 15-minute water quality data and monthly grab and diel samples for nutrient/pigment data which may be correlated with this meteorological dataset. These data are available at www.nerrsdata.org.

II. Physical Structure Descriptors

9) Sensor specifications –

Parameter: Temperature

Units: Celsius

Sensor type: Pt1000 Class A

Model #: EE181 Temperature and Relative Humidity Probe

Operating Temperature: -40°C to +60°C

Range: -40°C to +60°C Accuracy: ±0.2 °C @ 23°C Serial Number: 17101600007613 Date of Calibration:06/15/2020

Installed: - 12/18/2020 - current as of 12/31/2021

Parameter: Relative Humidity

Units: Percent Sensor type: HC101

Model #: EE181 Temperature and Relative Humidity Probe

Range: 0-100% non-condensing

Accuracy: $-15 \text{ to } 40 \text{ °C: } \le 90\% \text{ RH} \pm (1.3 + 0.003 \cdot \text{ RH reading}) \% \text{ RH}$

-15 to 40 °C: >90% RH \pm 2.3% RH

-25 to 60 °C: \pm (1.4 + 0.01 • RH reading) % RH -40 to 60 °C: \pm (1.5 + 0.015 • RH reading) % RH

Temperature dependence of RH measurement: typically 0.03% RH/°C

Note: This sensor caps relative humidity values at 100%, measured values >100% are altered to 100%

Serial Number: 17101600007613 Date of Calibration:06/15/2020

Installed: -12/18/2020 - current as of 12/31/2021

Parameter: Barometric Pressure

Units: millibars (mb)

Sensor type: Vaisala Barocap © silicon capacitive pressure sensor

Model #: PTB110

Operating Range: Pressure: 500 to 1100 mb; Temperature: -40°C to +140°C;

Humidity: non-condensing

Accuracy: ± 0.3 mb at +20°C, ± 0.6 mb at 0°C to 40°C, ± 1 mb at -20°C to +45°C, ± 1.5 mb at -40°C to

+60°C

Stability: ± 0.1 mb per year Serial Number: S1230221 Date of Calibration: 03/18/2020

Installed: 12/18/2020 - current as of 12/31/2021

Parameter: Wind Speed and Wind Direction Units: meters per second (m/s); degrees

Sensor type: Gill Windsonic Ultrasonic Wind Sensor Option:4

Model #: 1405-PK-100

Range: 0-60m/s; 0 to 359° (no dead band)

Accuracy: $\pm 2\%$ @ 12m/s

Resolution: 0.01m/s (0.02 knots)

Serial Number: 15400013 Gill 1405-PK-100

Date of calibration: 09/29/2015, installed new on 02/29/2016Date of Sensor Use: 02/29/2016 – current as of 12/31/2021

Parameter: Photosynthetically Active Radiation (PAR)

Units: mmoles m-2 (total flux)

Sensor type: anodized aluminum with cast acrylic diffuser

Model #SQ110 Apogee Quantum Sensor

Light spectrum waveband: 410 to 655 nm Temperature dependence: 0.06+/-0.06% per °C

Stability: <±2% change over 1 yr

Operating Temperature: -40°C to 70°C; Humidity 0 to 100%

Cosine Response: 45° zenith angle: +/- 2%; 75° zenith angle: +/- 5%

Sensitivity: 0.2mV per µmol s-1 m-2

Multiplier: 0.025

Serial Number: SQ-110_29536 Date of Calibration: 06/01/2020

Installed: 12/18/2020 - current as of 12/31/2021

Parameter: Precipitation (specify if heated rain gauge)

Units: millimeters (mm)

Sensor type: Tipping Bucket Rain Gauge

Model #: TE525

Rainfall per tip: 0.01 inch

Operating range: Temperature: 0° to 50°C; Humidity: 0 to 100%

Accuracy: +/- 1.0% up to 1 in./hr; +0, -3% from 1 to 2 in./hr; +0, -5% from 2 to 3 in./hr

Date of Previous Calibration: 11/27/2018, 12/18/2020 Dates of Sensor Use: 11/27/2018 - current as of 12/31/2021

CR1000:

The CR1000 has 2 MB of Flash EEPROM that is used to store the Operating System. Another 128 K Flash is used to store configuration settings. A minimum of 2 MB SRAM is (4 MB optional upgrade) available for program storage (16K), operating system use, and data storage. Additional storage is available by using a compact flash card in the optional CFM100 Compact Flash Module.

Date CR1000 Installed: 11/27/2018 – current as of 12/31/2020 - s/n: 33409

Date CR1000 Calibrated: 09/18/2018

CR1000 Firmware Version (s): OS 28 (installed during calibration) CR1000 Program Version(s): nocremet CR1000 6.27 020916

GOES Transmitter: Model Number: TX321 Serial Number: 1640

Date Installed: 03/22/2018

10) Coded variable definitions -

<u>Sampling Station</u> <u>Sampling site code:</u> <u>Station Code:</u> Research Creek RC nocrcmet

11) QAQC flag definitions -

QAQC flags provide documentation of the data and are applied to individual data points by insertion into the parameter's associated flag column (header preceded by an F_). During primary automated QAQC (performed by the CDMO), -5, -4, and -2 flags are applied automatically to indicate data that is above or below sensor range, or missing. All remaining data are then flagged 0, as passing initial QAQC checks. During secondary and tertiary QAQC 1, -3, and 5 flags may be used to note data as suspect, rejected due to QAQC, or corrected.

- -5 Outside High Sensor Range
- -4 Outside Low Sensor Range
- -3 Data Rejected due to QAQC
- -2 Missing Data
- -1 Optional SWMP supported parameter
- 0 Passed Initial QAQC Checks
- 1 Suspect Data
- 2 Open reserved for later flag
- 3 Open reserved for later flag
- 4 Historical Data: Pre-Auto QAQC
- 5 Corrected Data

12) QAQC code definitions -

QAQC codes are used in conjunction with QAQC flags to provide further documentation of the data and are also applied by insertion into the associated flag column. There are three (3) different code categories, general, sensor, and comment. General errors document general problems with the CR1000/CR1000X, sensor errors are sensor specific, and comment codes are used to further document conditions or a problem with the data. Only one general or sensor error and one comment code can be applied to a particular data point, but some comment codes (marked with an * below) can be applied to the entire record in the F_Record column.

General Errors

GIM	Instrument malfunction
GIT	Instrument recording error, recovered telemetry data
GMC	No instrument deployed due to maintenance/calibration
GMT	Instrument maintenance
GPD	Power down
GPF	Power failure / Low battery
GPR	Program reload
GQR	Data rejected due to QA/QC checks
GSM	See metadata

Sensor Errors

SDG	Suspect due to sensor diagnostics
SIC	Incorrect calibration constant, multiplier or offset
SIW	Incorrect wiring
SMT	Sensor maintenance
SNV	Negative value
SOC	Out of calibration
SQR	Data rejected due to QAQC checks

SSD Sensor drift

SSN Not a number / unknown value

SSM Sensor malfunction SSR Sensor removed

Comments

CAF Acceptable calibration/accuracy error of sensor

CCU Cause unknown

CDF Data appear to fit conditions

CML Snow melt from previous snowfall event

CRE* Significant rain event

CSM* See metadata

CVT* Possible vandalism/tampering CWE* Significant weather event

13) Other remarks/notes –

Data are missing due to equipment or associated specific sensors not being deployed, equipment failure, time of maintenance or calibration of equipment, or repair/replacement of a sampling station platform. Any NANs in the dataset stand for "not a number" and are the result of low power, disconnected wires, or out of range readings. If additional information on missing data is needed, contact the Research Coordinator at the reserve submitting the data.

Relative Humidity data greater than 100 are within range of the sensor accuracy of $\pm -3\%$ and are flagged and coded as suspect, $\pm -3\%$. Values greater than 103 are rejected $\pm -3\%$.

Data recorded for all parameters (with the exception of cumulative precipitation) at the midnight timestamp (00:00) are the 15 minute averages and totals for the 23:45-23:59 time period of the previous day. Cumulative precipitation data at the midnight timestamp (00:00) are the sum of raw (unrounded) precipitation data from 00:00 to 23:59 of the previous day. Summing each individual 15-minute total precipitation value from the same period will result in small differences from cumulative precipitation due to rounding. It is especially important to note how data at the midnight timestamp are recorded when using January 1st and December 31st data. Note: Cumulative precipitation is no longer available via export from the CDMO. Please contact the reserve or the CDMO for more information or to obtain these data.

General

The downloaded Date and TimeStamp were advanced by 4 years due to an error in the Tx satellite transmitter. This was corrected manually and uploaded for primary QAQC until it was corrected 07/22/2021 12:00, after which timestamp alterations were no longer necessary. The transmitter was removed June 3 2021 and sent back for factory repair after all troubleshooting efforts were unsuccessful. The transmitter was replaced 7/20/2021 16:00 and satellite communication resumed as normal. This solved the previous date/timestamp error which self-corrected beginning at 07/22/2021 12:15. Affected data are coded in the F_Record column {CSM} until that time.

Hurricane Elsa impacted central and eastern NC on 07/08/2021. Maximum sustained winds at the station recorded at 11.3m/s though higher winds were recorded on nearby Wrightsville Beach, NC. Data were not flagged or coded.

BP correction

12/18/2020 12:45 previous BP sensor (PTB101B) was replaced with a newly calibrated CS106 sensor. The multiplier in the CR1000 program was not updated resulting in lower than expected BP values. BP data from 12/18/2020 13:00 through 2022Q1 required

correcting after download. Corrected data were congruent when checked against nearby weather stations and should be considered accurate. The following steps were taken to correct the data.

```
(incorrect value - 600)/0.184
(0.24 * value from above) + 500
```

All corrected BP data for 2021 are flagged and coded as <5> [SIC] (CSM) and it should be noted that those corrected values are considered suspect.

Wind

Two NAN values were recorded for MaxWSpd for 12/06/2021 06:30 and 12/16/2021 04:45. The cause is unknown. All surrounding data seem good. Affected data were rejected <-3> [SSM] (CSM). Associated wind data appeared to be affected and were also rejected.