

North Carolina (NOC) NERR Water Quality Metadata
January 1 – December 31, 2021
Latest Update: June 18, 2024

I. Data Set and Research Descriptors

1) Principal investigator(s) and contact persons –

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2) Entry verification –

Deployment data are uploaded from the YSI data logger to a personal computer with Windows 7 or newer operating system. Files are exported from EcoWatch in a comma-delimited format (.CDF) , EcoWatch Lite in a comma separated file (CSV) or KOR Software in an Excel File (.XLS) and uploaded to the CDMO where they undergo automated primary QAQC; automated depth/level corrections for changes in barometric pressure (cDepth or cLevel parameters); and become part of the CDMO's online provisional database. All pre- and post-deployment data are removed from the file prior to upload. During primary QAQC, data are flagged if they are missing or out of sensor range. The edited file is then returned to the reserve for secondary QAQC where it is opened in Microsoft Excel and processed using the CDMO's NERRQAQC Excel macro. The macro inserts station codes, creates metadata worksheets for flagged data and summary statistics, and graphs the data for review. It allows the user to apply QAQC flags and codes to the data, remove any overlapping deployment data, append files, and export the resulting data file for upload to the CDMO. Upload after secondary QAQC results in ingestion into the database as provisional plus data, recalculation of cDepth or cLevel parameters, and finally tertiary QAQC by the CDMO and assimilation into the CDMO's authoritative online database. Where deployment overlap occurs between files, the data produced by the newly calibrated sonde is generally accepted as being the most accurate. For more information on QAQC flags and codes, see Sections 11 and 12. All QA/QC by the Reserve are performed by Heather Wells and Byron Toothman.

3) Research objectives –

Four long-term water quality monitoring stations have been established within the estuaries bordering Masonboro and Zeke's Islands of North Carolina's National Estuarine Research Reserve. Instruments are

deployed vertically at all sites except East Cribbings, which was anchored to the bottom for the majority of 2012. The East Cribbings site was converted to a vertical deployment structure on December 4, 2012. Measurements are taken at 15-minute intervals for approximately two to four week periods continuously throughout the year. Parameters measured include Depth, Temperature, Salinity, Specific Conductivity, pH, Dissolved Oxygen, and Turbidity. The goal is to assess short-term variability and long-term changes (i.e., localized impacts of seasonal storm events, inter-annual differences from rainfall, magnitude of climatic influence from El Nino/La Nina events, etc.) in estuarine water parameters within relatively pristine sites.

4) Research methods –

The Estuarine Water Quality Monitoring Program began on March 2, 1992 at the Research Creek site of the Masonboro Island component. A second Masonboro Island site, Loosin Creek, was added on February 26, 2002. Data collection started on May 19, 1994 at the Zeke's Island component (East Cribbings site) and an additional site, Zeke's Basin, was added March 1, 2002. The procedures described below were instituted in June 1995 and thus do not cover data recorded previously.

Two data loggers are assigned to each of the four permanent monitoring stations and are generally not interchanged among sites unless malfunctions occur. Before each YSI EXO2 or YSI 6600EDS sonde is deployed, calibration and maintenance is performed following the manufacturer's instructions. Calibration standards are required for pH, turbidity and salinity; all other parameter calibrations are performed as described in the manual. Buffer solutions for a two-point pH calibration (pH 7 and 10) are purchased pre-made from a scientific supply house. The conductivity and turbidity standards are obtained from YSI. Chlorophyll probes are calibrated with deionized water as single point calibration. The optical dissolved oxygen probes (ROX) require membrane changes yearly unless scratches or malfunctions occur prior to that time. All sites have been monitored using ROX dissolved oxygen probes since 2009, prior to that time rapid pulse dissolved oxygen probes were used. The rapid pulse membranes were replaced prior to each deployment and allowed to equilibrate prior to calibration.

Data sondes are wrapped in a wet, white towel and placed in a cooler for transport to the site. Monitoring stations are accessed using a small boat equipped with an outboard motor. During deployment the weather conditions and tide stage are recorded in the field observation log. The water quality instrument is placed inside a locked PVC tube that is attached to a piling if vertical deployment, and a steel cage if anchored horizontally approximately (15cm off the bottom). Every 15 minutes measurements are taken for Temperature, Specific Conductance, Salinity, Dissolved oxygen saturation, Dissolved oxygen concentration, Depth, pH, and Turbidity. All data are recorded in Eastern Standard Time. Vertical deployment structures were utilized at Research Creek beginning in 2008-2009, at Loosin Creek in 2009, and at Zeke's Basin in August 2010.

During 2021, chlorophyll data were collected at East Cribbings, Loosin Creek, and Research Creek stations. A two point (0 NTU and 66ug/L) chlorophyll calibration using DI water (0) and rhodamine standard (66 ug/L) was performed prior to sonde deployments. This did not allow for temperature compensation of the rhodamine standard per NERRS and YSI protocols. As a result, all ChlFluor data were flagged/coded 1 SIC CSM. Chlorophyll spikes and negative values were rejected, while elevated values may have also been considered suspect depending on field conditions.

At the end of the sample period the water quality instrument is exchanged with a freshly calibrated instrument and transported back to the laboratory wrapped in a wet, white towel. The weather and water quality measurements are again noted in the field observation log. The calibration drift and the effect of biofouling on the water quality instrument are documented by post-calibration protocols. The water quality data are then uploaded, and sent to CDMO for primary QA/QC, and the instrument is cleaned and calibrated as noted previously.

A Sutron Sat-Link2 transmitter was installed at the (*insert station name*) station on mm/dd/yy and transmits data to the NOAA GOES satellite, NESDIS ID #3B032698. The transmissions are scheduled hourly and contain four (4) data sets reflecting fifteen-minute data sampling intervals. Upon

receipt by the CDMO, the data undergoes the same automated primary QAQC process detailed in Section 2 above. The “real-time” telemetry data become part of the provisional dataset until undergoing secondary and tertiary QAQC and assimilation in the CDMO’s authoritative online database. Provisional and authoritative data are available at www.nerrsdata.org.

5) Site location and character –

The components of North Carolina's National Estuarine Research Reserve (from north to south) are: Currituck Banks, Rachel Carson, Masonboro Island, and Zeke's Island. They are located along the southeast Atlantic coast of the United States. Currently, only data from Masonboro Island and Zeke's Island components are transferred to the CDMO. The four monitoring sites are:

A. Research Creek, Masonboro Island

The first Masonboro Island site (formerly called Masonboro Island (MS)) is 0.72 km north east from the mouth of Whiskey Creek, and east of the Intracoastal Waterway (ICW), in a small navigable channel called Research Creek at 34°09'21.7" latitude and 77° 50'59.9" longitude. The site typically has a salinity range of 20-35 ppt and a tidal range that averages around 1.2 meters. The sole source of freshwater is rain and salinity values as little as 10 ppt have been recorded during periods of heavy rain. The creek bottom is characterized by sand and detritus based sediment with areas of soft mud with a depth ranging from 0.2 to 2.6 m. *Spartina* spp. marsh and dunes surround the site, which is relatively unimpacted by manmade perturbations and it is not accessible to road traffic. The site experiences minimal boat traffic.

B. Loosin Creek, Masonboro Island

The second Masonboro Island site (added in 2002) is 1.2 km east of the ICW, and 2.5 km south west of Masonboro Inlet, in a small navigable channel called Loosin Creek at 34° 10'20.0" latitude and 77° 49'58.1" longitude. The site generally has a salinity range of 22-35 ppt and a tidal range that averages 1.2 meters. The sole source of freshwater is rain and salinity values as little as 15 ppt have been recorded during periods of heavy rain. The creek bottom is characterized by sand and detritus based sediment with areas of soft mud with a depth ranging from 0.1 to 2.5 m. *Spartina* spp. marsh and dunes surround the site, which is relatively unimpacted by manmade perturbations and it is not accessible to road traffic. The site experiences minimal boat traffic.

C. East Cribbings, Zeke's Island

The first Zeke's Island site (formerly called Zeke's Island (ZI)) is located 1.8 km south of Federal Point boat launch in a tidal basin estuary at 33° 56'23.5" latitude and 77° 56'28.1" longitude. This site receives minimal freshwater input from leakage of the Cape Fear River through the 5.6 km rock jetty that separates the two bodies of water. The site typically has a salinity range of 15-33 ppt, although values as little as 10 ppt have been recorded. Tidal range averages 1.2 meters. Depth varies, but usually can be found to range from 0.5 to 2.7 meters. Bottom type substratum consists of large rocks (“the cribbings”) with sand and detritus based sediment. There are no pollutants from land. Marsh and dunes surround the site. It is not accessible to road traffic but experiences minimal boat traffic.

D. Zeke's Basin, Zeke's Island

The second Zeke's Island site (added in 2002) is located 0.8 km south east of the Federal Point boat launch in a tidal basin estuary at 33° 57'17.0" latitude and 77° 56'6.0" longitude. This site receives minimal freshwater input from leakage of the Cape Fear River through the 5.6 km rock jetty that separates the two bodies of water. The site has a characteristic salinity range of 12-30 ppt, but values below 10 ppt have been observed and are often associated with periods of heavy rainfall. Tidal range averages 1.2 meters. Depth varies, but typically it can be found to range from 0.1 to 1.8 meters. Bottom type substratum consists of sand and detritus based sediment with a layer of soft sulfuric mud. Marsh and dunes surround the site. It is not accessible to road traffic but experiences minimal boat traffic.

SWMP Station Timeline

Station Code	SWMP Status	Station Name	Location	Active Dates	Reason Decommissioned	Notes
NOCECWQ	P	East Cribbing	33° 56' 23.64 N, 77° 56' 27.96 W	01/01/2002 00:00 -	NA	NA
NOCLCWQ	P	Loosin Creek	34° 10' 19.92 N, 77° 49' 58.08 W	02/01/2002 00:00 -	NA	NA
NOCRCWQ	P	Research Creek	34° 9' 21.60 N, 77° 50' 59.64 W	01/01/2002 00:00 -	NA	NA
NOCZBWQ	P	Zeke's Basin	33° 57' 16.92 N, 77° 56' 6.00 W	03/01/2002 00:00 -	NA	NA

6) Data collection period –

East Cribbings

Deployment	Time	Retrieval	Time	Sonde	pH	DO	Turb	Cond	Chloro
12/17/2020	15:45	1/19/2021	16:15	EXO2 (#5)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
1/19/2021	16:30	2/16/2021	15:00	EXO2 (#9)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599102-01
2/16/2021	15:15	3/17/2021	13:00	EXO2 (#5)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
3/17/2021	13:30	4/19/2021	15:45	EXO2 (#9)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599102-01
4/19/2021	16:15	5/19/2021	15:45	EXO2 (#3)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
5/19/2021	16:15	6/24/2021	10:45	EXO2 (#7)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
6/24/2021	11:00	7/27/2020	13:15	EXO2 (#3)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
7/27/2021	13:30	8/24/2021	12:00	EXO2 (#7)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
8/24/2021	12:30	9/23/2021	12:45	EXO2 (#3)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
9/23/2021	13:15	10/25/2021	13:00	EXO2 (#7)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
10/25/2021	13:30	11/22/2021	13:45	EXO2 (#3)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01

Loosin Creek

Deployment	Time	Retrieval	Time	Sonde	pH	DO	Turb	Cond	Chloro
12/17/2020	14:00	1/20/2021	15:45	EXO2 (#3)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
1/20/2021*	15:15	2/16/2021	13:30	EXO2 (#2)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
2/16/2021	13:45	3/23/2021	16:00	EXO2 (#3)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599870	599103-01
3/23/2021	16:15	4/20/2021	14:45	EXO2 (#5)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
4/20/2021	15:00	5/19/2021	14:30	EXO2 (#9)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599102-01
5/19/2021	14:45	6/23/2021	10:15	EXO2 (#5)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
6/23/2021	10:30	7/27/2021	11:00	EXO2 (#9)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599102-01
7/27/2021	11:15	8/24/2021	10:30	EXO2 (#5)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
8/24/2021	11:00	9/23/2021	11:00	EXO2 (#9)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599102-01
9/23/2021	11:30	10/25/2021	12:00	EXO2 (#5)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
10/25/2021	12:15	11/22/2021	11:30	EXO2 (#4)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
11/22/2021	11:45	12/6/2021	10:45	EXO2 (#5)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
12/6/2021	11:00	1/12/2022	16:15	EXO2 (#4)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01

*No data collected due to a malfunction

Research Creek

Deployment	Time	Retrieval	Time	Sonde	pH	DO	Turb	Cond	Chloro
12/17/2020	13:45	1/20/2021	15:30	EXO2 (#8)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
1/20/2021	16:00	2/16/2021	12:45	EXO2 (#6)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
2/16/2021	13:15	3/23/2021	15:15	EXO2 (#8)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
3/23/2021	15:30	4/20/2021	15:00	EXO2 (#7)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
4/20/2021	15:15	5/24/2021	14:00	EXO2 (#4)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
5/24/2021	14:15	6/23/2021	9:30	EXO2 (#10)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599870	599103-01
6/23/2021	10:00	7/27/2021	11:30	EXO2 (#4)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
7/27/2021	11:45	8/24/2021	15:00	EXO2 (#10)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599870	599103-01
8/24/2021	15:30	9/23/2021	10:30	EXO2 (#4)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
9/23/2021	11:00	10/25/2021	11:45	EXO2 (#10)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599870	599103-01
10/25/2021	12:00	11/22/2021	11:45	EXO2 (#9)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599102-01
11/22/2021	12:15	12/6/2021	11:00	EXO2 (#10)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599870	599103-01
12/6/2021	11:15	1/12/2022	15:45	EXO2 (#3)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01

Zeke's Basin

Deployment	Time	Retrieval	Time	Sonde	pH	DO	Turb	Cond	Chloro
12/17/2020	16:00	1/14/2021	12:45	EXO2 (#7)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
1/19/2021*	16:45	2/16/2021	15:15	EXO2 (#4)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
2/16/2021	15:30	3/17/2021	13:15	EXO2 (#7)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
3/17/2021	13:45	4/19/2021	16:00	EXO2 (#4)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
4/19/2021	16:30	5/19/2021	16:15	EXO2 (#8)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
5/19/2021	16:30	6/23/2021	11:30	EXO2 (#11)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599870	599103-01
6/23/2021	12:00	7/27/2021	13:30	EXO2 (#8)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
7/27/2021	13:45	8/24/2021	12:15	EXO2 (#11)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599870	599103-01
8/24/2021	12:30	9/23/2021	13:15	EXO2 (#8)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
9/23/2021	13:30	10/25/2021	13:15	EXO2 (#6)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
10/25/2021	13:45	11/22/2021	14:00	EXO2 (#8)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
11/22/2021	14:15	12/6/2021	11:45	EXO2 (#2)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01
12/6/2021	12:15	1/12/2021	17:15	EXO2 (#7)	599702	599100-01	599101-01	599827	599103-01

*No data collected due to a malfunction

7) Distribution –

NOAA retains the right to analyze, synthesize and publish summaries of the NERRS System-wide Monitoring Program data. The NERRS retains the right to be fully credited for having collected and process the data. Following academic courtesy standards, the NERR site where the data were collected should be contacted and fully acknowledged in any subsequent publications in which any part of the data are used. The data set enclosed within this package/transmission is only as good as the quality assurance and quality control procedures outlined by the enclosed metadata reporting statement. The user bears all responsibility for its subsequent use/misuse in any further analyses or comparisons. The Federal government does not assume liability to the Recipient or third persons, nor will the Federal government reimburse or indemnify the Recipient for its liability due to any losses resulting in any way from the use of this data.

Requested citation format:

NOAA National Estuarine Research Reserve System (NERRS). System-wide Monitoring Program. Data accessed from the NOAA NERRS Centralized Data Management Office website: <http://www.nerrsdata.org/>; *accessed* 12 October 2020.

NERR water quality data and metadata can be obtained from the Research Coordinator at the individual NERR site (please see Principal Investigators and Contact Persons), from the Data Manager at the Centralized Data Management Office (please see personnel directory under the general information link on the CDMO home page) and online at the CDMO home page www.nerrsdata.org. Data are available in comma delimited format.

8) Associated researchers and projects –

As part of the SWMP long-term monitoring program, NOC NERR also collects 15-minute meteorological data and monthly grab and diel samples for nutrient/pigment data which may be correlated with this water quality dataset. These data are available at www.nerrsdata.org.

Additional research projects are ongoing and continually changing. Check with the Research Coordinator or other contact person for an updated list of research.

II. Physical Structure Descriptors

9) Sensor specifications –

NOC NERR deployed Xylem Analytics EXO data sondes at all sites in 2021. All sondes used are the same model (EXO2) and employ the same sensor configuration.

YSI EXO Sonde:

Parameter: Temperature

Units: Celsius (C)

Sensor Type: CT2 probe, Thermistor

Model#: 599870

Range: -5 to 50 C

Accuracy: -5 to 35: +/- 0.01, 35 to 50: +/- .005

Resolution: 0.01 C

Parameter: Conductivity

Units: milli-Siemens per cm (mS/cm)

Sensor Type: CT2 probe, 4-electrode cell with autoranging

Model#: 599870

Range: 0 to 200 mS/cm

Accuracy: 0 to 100: +/- 0.5% of reading or 0.001 mS/cm; 100 to 200: +/- 1% of reading

Resolution: 0.001 mS/cm to 0.1 mS/cm (range dependant)

Parameter: Salinity

Units: practical salinity units (psu)/parts per thousand (ppt)

Sensor Type: CT2 probe, Calculated from conductivity and temperature

Range: 0 to 70 psu

Accuracy: +/- 1.0% of reading pr 0.1 ppt, whichever is greater

Resolution: 0.01 psu

OR

Parameter: Temperature

Units: Celsius (C)

Sensor Type: Wiped probe; Thermistor

Model#: 599827

Range: -5 to 50 C

Accuracy: ± 0.2 C

Resolution: 0.001 C

Parameter: Conductivity

Units: milli-Siemens per cm (mS/cm)

Sensor Type: Wiped probe; 4-electrode cell with autoranging

Model#: 599827

Range: 0 to 100 mS/cm

Accuracy: $\pm 1\%$ of the reading or 0.002 mS/cm, whichever is greater

Resolution: 0.0001 to 0.01 mS/cm (range dependent)

Parameter: Salinity

Units: practical salinity units (psu)/parts per thousand (ppt)

Model#: 599827

Sensor Type: Wiped probe; Calculated from conductivity and temperature

Range: 0 to 70 ppt
Accuracy: $\pm 2\%$ of the reading or 0.2 ppt, whichever is greater
Resolution: 0.01 psu

Parameter: Dissolved Oxygen % saturation
Sensor Type: Optical probe w/ mechanical cleaning
Model#: 599100-01
Range: 0 to 500% air saturation
Accuracy: 0-200% air saturation: $\pm 1\%$ of the reading or 1% air saturation, whichever is greater 200-500% air saturation: $\pm 5\%$ or reading
Resolution: 0.1% air saturation

Parameter: Dissolved Oxygen mg/L (Calculated from % air saturation, temperature, and salinity)
Units: milligrams/Liter (mg/L)
Sensor Type: Optical probe w/ mechanical cleaning
Model#: 599100-01
Range: 0 to 50 mg/L
Accuracy: 0-20 mg/L: ± 0.1 mg/l or 1% of the reading, whichever is greater
20 to 50 mg/L: $\pm 5\%$ of the reading
Resolution: 0.01 mg/L

Parameter: Non-vented Level - Shallow (Depth)
Units: feet or meters (ft or m)
Sensor Type: Stainless steel strain gauge
Range: 0 to 33 ft (10 m)
Accuracy: ± 0.013 ft (0.004 m)
Resolution: 0.001 ft (0.001 m)

Parameter: pH
Units: pH units
Sensor Type: Glass combination electrode
Model#: 599701(guarded) or 599702(wiped)
Range: 0 to 14 units
Accuracy: ± 0.1 units within $\pm 10^\circ$ of calibration temperature, ± 0.2 units for entire temperature range
Resolution: 0.01 units

Parameter: Turbidity
Units: formazin nephelometric units (FNU)
Sensor Type: Optical, 90 degree scatter
Model#: 599101-01
Range: 0 to 4000 FNU
Accuracy: 0 to 999 FNU: 0.3 FNU or $\pm 2\%$ of reading (whichever is greater); 1000 to 4000 FNU $\pm 5\%$ of reading
Resolution: 0 to 999 FNU: 0.01 FNU, 1000 to 4000 FNU: 0.1 FNU

Parameter: Chlorophyll
Units: micrograms/Liter
Sensor Type: Optical probe
Model#: 599102-01
Range: 0 to 400 ug/Liter
Accuracy: Dependent on methodology
Resolution: 0.01 ug/L chl a, 0.1% FS

Depth Qualifier:

The NERR System-Wide Monitoring Program utilizes YSI data sondes that can be equipped with either vented or non-vented depth/level sensors. Readings for both vented and non-vented sensors are automatically compensated for water density change due to variations in temperature and salinity; but for all non-vented depth measurements, changes in atmospheric pressure between calibrations appear as changes in water depth. The error is equal to approximately 1.02 cm for every 1 millibar change in atmospheric pressure, and is eliminated for vented sensors because they are vented to the atmosphere throughout the deployment time interval.

Beginning in 2006, NERR SWMP standard calibration protocol calls for all non-vented depth sensors to read 0 meters at a (local) barometric pressure of 1013.25 mb (760 mm/hg). To achieve this, each site calibrates their depth sensor with a depth offset number, which is calculated using the actual atmospheric pressure at the time of calibration and the equation provided in the SWMP calibration sheet or digital calibration log. This offset procedure standardizes each depth calibration for the entire NERR System. If accurate atmospheric pressure data are available, non-vented sensor depth measurements at any NERR can be corrected.

In 2010, the CDMO began automatically correcting depth/level data for changes in barometric pressure as measured by the reserve's associated meteorological station during data ingestion. These corrected depth/level data are reported as cDepth and cLevel, and are assigned QAQC flags and codes based on QAQC protocols. Please see sections 11 and 12 for QAQC flag and code definitions.

NOTE: older depth data cannot be corrected without verifying that the depth offset was in place and whether a vented or non-vented depth sensor was in use. No SWMP data prior to 2006 can be corrected using this method. The following equation is used for corrected depth/level data provided by the CDMO beginning in 2010:
$$((1013-BP)*0.0102)+Depth/Level = cDepth/cLevel.$$

Salinity Units Qualifier:

In 2013, EXO sondes were approved for SWMP use and began to be utilized by reserves. While the 6600 series sondes report salinity in parts per thousand (ppt) units, the EXO sondes report practical salinity units (psu). These units are essentially the same and for SWMP purposes are understood to be equivalent, however psu is considered the more appropriate designation. Moving forward the NERR System will assign psu salinity units for all data regardless of sonde type.

Turbidity Qualifier:

In 2013, EXO sondes were approved for SWMP use and began to be utilized by reserves. While the 6600 series sondes report turbidity in nephelometric turbidity units (NTU), the EXO sondes use formazin nephelometric units (FNU). These units are essentially the same but indicate a difference in sensor methodology, for SWMP purposes they will be considered equivalent. Moving forward, the NERR System will use FNU/NTU as the designated units for all turbidity data regardless of sonde type. If turbidity units and sensor methodology are of concern, please see the Sensor Specifications portion of the metadata.

Chlorophyll Fluorescence Disclaimer:

YSI chlorophyll sensors (6025 or 599102-01) are designed to serve as a proxy for chlorophyll concentrations in the field for monitoring applications and complement traditional lab extraction methods; therefore, there are accuracy limitations associated with the data that are detailed in the YSI manual including interference from other fluorescent species, differences in calibration method, and effects of cell structure, particle size, organism type, temperature, and light on sensor measurements.

10) Coded variable definitions –

Sampling station:	Sampling site code:	Station code:
<u>Sampling station:</u>	<u>Sampling site code:</u>	<u>Station code:</u>
Research Creek	RC	nocrcwq
Loosin Creek	LC	noclcwq
East Cribbings	EC	nocecwq
Zeke's Basin	ZB	noczbwq

11) QAQC flag definitions –

QAQC flags provide documentation of the data and are applied to individual data points by insertion into the parameter's associated flag column (header preceded by an F_). During primary automated QAQC (performed by the CDMO), -5, -4, and -2 flags are applied automatically to indicate data that is missing and above or below sensor range. All remaining data are then flagged 0, passing initial QAQC checks. During secondary and tertiary QAQC 1, -3, and 5 flags may be used to note data as suspect, rejected due to QAQC, or corrected.

- 5 Outside High Sensor Range
- 4 Outside Low Sensor Range
- 3 Data Rejected due to QAQC
- 2 Missing Data
- 1 Optional SWMP Supported Parameter
- 0 Data Passed Initial QAQC Checks
- 1 Suspect Data
- 2 *Open - reserved for later flag*
- 3 Calculated data: non-vented depth/level sensor correction for changes in barometric pressure
- 4 Historical Data: Pre-Auto QAQC
- 5 Corrected Data

12) QAQC code definitions –

QAQC codes are used in conjunction with QAQC flags to provide further documentation of the data and are also applied by insertion into the associated flag column. There are three (3) different code categories, general, sensor, and comment. General errors document general problems with the deployment or YSI datasonde, sensor errors are sensor specific, and comment codes are used to further document conditions or a problem with the data. Only one general or sensor error and one comment code can be applied to a particular data point, but some comment codes (marked with an * below) can be applied to the entire record in the F_Record column.

General Errors

- GIC No instrument deployed due to ice
- GIM Instrument malfunction
- GIT Instrument recording error; recovered telemetry data
- GMC No instrument deployed due to maintenance/calibration
- GNF Deployment tube clogged / no flow
- GOW Out of water event
- GPF Power failure / low battery
- GQR Data rejected due to QA/QC checks
- GSM See metadata

Corrected Depth/Level Data Codes

- GCC Calculated with data that were corrected during QA/QC
- GCM Calculated value could not be determined due to missing data

GCR	Calculated value could not be determined due to rejected data
GCS	Calculated value suspect due to questionable data
GCU	Calculated value could not be determined due to unavailable data

Sensor Errors

SBO	Blocked optic
SCF	Conductivity sensor failure
SCS	Chlorophyll spike
SDF	Depth port frozen
SDG	Suspect due to sensor diagnostics
SDO	DO suspect
SDP	DO membrane puncture
SIC	Incorrect calibration / contaminated standard
SNV	Negative value
SOW	Sensor out of water
SPC	Post calibration out of range
SQR	Data rejected due to QAQC checks
SSD	Sensor drift
SSM	Sensor malfunction
SSR	Sensor removed / not deployed
STF	Catastrophic temperature sensor failure
STS	Turbidity spike
SWM	Wiper malfunction / loss

Comments

CAB*	Algal bloom
CAF	Acceptable calibration/accuracy error of sensor
CAP	Depth sensor in water, affected by atmospheric pressure
CBF	Biofouling
CCU	Cause unknown
CDA*	DO hypoxia (<3 mg/L)
CDB*	Disturbed bottom
CDF	Data appear to fit conditions
CFK*	Fish kill
CIP*	Surface ice present at sample station
CLT*	Low tide
CMC*	In field maintenance/cleaning
CMD*	Mud in probe guard
CND	New deployment begins
CRE*	Significant rain event
CSM*	See metadata
CTS	Turbidity spike
CVT*	Possible vandalism/tampering
CWD*	Data collected at wrong depth
CWE*	Significant weather event

13) Post deployment information –

East Cribbings								
Deploy Date	Sonde	SpCond	DO	pH7	pH10	Turb	Depth	CHL(0)
1/19/2021	#9	50.75(50.0)	99.6	7.17	9.93	1.28(0.0)	-0.015(-0.014)	1.13
2/16/2021	#5	50.56(50.0)	99	7.11	9.95	0.82(0.0)	-0.087(92.373)	0.23
3/17/2021	#9	49.78(50.0)	100.3	7.17	9.77	0.2(0.0)	-0.082(-0.032)	0.13
4/19/2021	#3	51.764(50.0)	95.5	7.23	9.93	4.28(0.0)	0.072(0.089)	0.56
5/19/2021	#7	50.292(50.0)	99.8	7.42	8.93	-0.88(0.0)	0.091(0.079)	-0.22
6/24/2021	#3	51.938(50.0)	101.1	7.24	9.99	-0.42(0.0)	0.045(0.069)	0.7
7/27/2021	#7	51.572(50.0)	100.3	6.95	9.77	-0.51(0.0)	0.037(0.048)	0.95
8/24/2021	#3	50.343(50.0)	101	7.17	9.98	0.02(0.0)	0.051(0.032)	-0.22
9/23/2021	#7	51.95(50.0)	101.6	7.12	10.04	3.21(0.0)	0.149(0.144)	0.88
10/25/2021	#3	51.113(50.0)	100.5	7.11	10.04	0.29(0.0)	0.088(0.058)	0.61

Loosin Creek								
Deploy Date	Sonde	SpCond	DO	pH7	pH10	Turb	Depth	CHL(0)
1/20/2021	#2	50.949(50.0)	100.6	7.09	9.98	0.016(0.0)	0.091(0.12)	-1.14
2/16/2021	#3	50.973(50.0)	99	16.15	16.15	-0.09(0.0)	0.072(0.089)	-0.04
3/23/2021	#5	51.334(50.0)	98.3	7.13	9.85	-0.95(0.0)	-0.037(-0.032)	0.09
4/20/2021	#9	52.95(50.0)	99.7	7.08	9.96	0.36(0.0)	-0.086(-0.0040)	0.99
5/19/2021	#5	51.18(50.0)	98.6	7.16	9.93	5.39(0.0)	0.064(0.079)	0.35
6/23/2021	#9	50.603(50.0)	94.3	7.12	9.87	0.27(0.0)	0.061(0.069)	0.03
7/27/2021	#5	49.653(50.0)	101	7.16	9.85	6.51(0.0)	0.044(0.048)	-0.06
8/24/2021	#9	40.13(50.0)	84.4	7.15	9.91	7.87(0.0)	0.146(0.032)	0.7
9/23/2021	#5	51.835(50.0)	101.5	7.17	9.98	1.44(0.0)	0.194(0.144)	0.11
10/25/2021	#4	50.982(50.0)	100.5	7.12	9.98	-0.94(0.0)	0.085(0.058)	-0.27
11/22/2021	#5	50.571(50.0)	100.5	7.21	9.92	0.63(0.0)	0.06(0.058)	-0.09
12/6/2021	#4	51.071(50.0)	100.3	7.02	9.9	0.01(0.0)	-0.074(-0.032)	-0.05

Research Creek								
Deploy Date	Sonde	SpCond	DO	pH7	pH10	Turb	Depth	CHL(0)
1/20/2021	#6	51.093(50.0)	101.4	7.34	10.19	2.28(0.0)	0.101(0.12)	0.17
2/16/2021	#8	51.07(50.0)	99.2	7.18	10.07	-0.35(0.0)	0.119(0.089)	0.08
3/23/2021	#7	51.58(50.0)	99	7.02	9.92	1.45(0.0)	(-0.032)	0.04
4/20/2021	#4	51.51(50.0)	99.8	6.97	9.87	2.22(0.0)	-0.016(-0.0040)	-0.019
5/24/2021	#10	50.863(50.0)	99	7.05	9.99	1.78(0.0)	0.085(0.079)	1.36
6/23/2021	#4	51.436(50.0)	100.9	7.14	10.13	-0.16(0.0)	0.043(0.069)	0.18
7/27/2021	#10	51.598(50.0)	101.4	7.07	9.9	-0.79(0.0)	0.076(0.079)	0.86
8/24/2021	#4	51.497(50.0)	100.3	6.98	9.8	0.0(0.0)	-0.032	-0.43
9/23/2021	#10	51.692(50.0)	101.5	7.15	10.02	1.78(0.0)	0.168(0.144)	-0.07
10/25/2021	#9	0.03(50.0)	104.1	7.07	10	-1.09(0.0)	0.158(0.027)	-0.39
11/22/2021	#10	50.583(50.0)	100.1	7.06	9.88	-0.04(0.0)	0.064(0.017)	-0.41
12/6/2021	#3	50.83(50.0)	99.9	7.1	9.83	0.02(0.0)	-0.044(-0.032)	0.13

Zeke's Basin								
Deploy Date	Sonde	SpCond	DO	pH7	pH10	Turb	Depth	CHL(0)
1/19/2021	#4	50.874(50.0)	100.4	7.31	10.15	0.02(0.0)	0.097(0.12)	0.13
2/16/2021	#7	50.485(50.0)	98.7	6.9	10.01	0.44(0.0)	-0.068(-0.073)	-0.04
3/17/2021	#4	50.981(50.0)	99.8	7.34	9.3	-0.03(0.0)	-0.015(-0.032)	0.47
4/19/2021	#8	51.58(50.0)	99.6	7.17	10.02	0.29(0.0)	-0.0030(-0.0040)	0.93
5/19/2021	#11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
6/23/2021	#8	47.516(50.0)	97	6.94	9.21	45.51(0.0)	0.057(0.069)	2.37
7/27/2021	#11	45.874(50.0)	101.7	7.19	9.92	0.01(0.0)	0.036(0.079)	0.64
8/24/2021	#8	52.2(50.0)	100.4	6.78	6.79	1.78(0.0)	0.05(0.032)	0.07
9/23/2021	#6	51.77(50.0)	100.8	7.12	10.03	0.65(0.0)	0.168(0.144)	0.22
10/25/2021	#8	51.311(50.0)	101.2	7.14	9.97	0.07(0.0)	0.05(0.027)	-0.05
11/22/2021	#2	50.503(50.0)	99.6	7.11	9.73	-0.09(0.0)	0.031(0.017)	-0.11
12/6/2021	#7	51.049(50.0)	98.9	7.02	9.82	0.37(0.0)	-0.019(0.0)	-0.05

** error in saving deployment post calibration data*

14) Other remarks/notes –

Data are missing due to equipment or associated specific probes not being deployed, equipment failure, time of maintenance or calibration of equipment, or repair/replacement of a sampling station platform. Any NaNs in the dataset stand for “not a number” and are the result of low power, disconnected wires, or out of range readings. If additional information on missing data is needed, contact the Research Coordinator at the reserve submitting the data.

For all data

New deployments were flagged as <0> (CND).

Temperature affected measurements (SpCond/Salinity, pH) were rejected anytime the temperature sensor was affected by out of water events (pronounced change in temp values during extreme low tide readings).

Data affected by low tide were coded (CLT). Lower SpCond/Salinity was addressed with <1> (CLT) due to the probability of fresher surface waters being measured as the water level decreased. Salinities approaching zero or less were addressed as <-3> [GOW] (CLT) and affected data were also rejected accordingly.

All depth data corresponding to rejected or suspect SpCond/Salinity data (due to low tide) were also rejected <-3> [SOW] (CLT) or flagged as suspect <1> (CLT). Depth sensor is located above Conductivity/Temperature (C/T) sensor and will be exposed when SpCond approaches 0.0. It is possible that some probes were still in the water during out of water events. The vertical orientation of the sondes means that shorter probes (pH, C/T) will be affected before longer probes (dissolved oxygen, turbidity).

All negative depth flagged and rejected unless affected by barometric pressure and coded as suspect <1> [SNV] (CAP).

Dissolved oxygen concentrations < 3 mg/L were coded <0> (CDA) along with corresponding values for DO% during hypoxic events.

Increased turbidity readings occurred throughout many deployments with unknown causes and were coded as such:

<-3> [STS] = rejected turbidity spike

<1> [STS] = Suspect turbidity spike

Small negative turbidity values < -2 NTU were flagged as suspect, <1> (CAF).

Major multiple day rain event in the Cape Fear River watershed caused a significant drop in salinity beginning 09/22/2021.

Negative chlorophyll values were flagged as <-3> [SNV] (CSM).

Chlorophyll spikes were flagged as suspect <1> [SCS], or rejected <-3> [SCS].

East Cribbings

General

This station was converted to EXO2 sondes during 2015, beginning with the 09/15/2015 deployment.

The vertical deployment station was lost during hurricane Isaias on or around August 3 - 4, 2020. Shortly after the station was replaced with the earlier anchored cinder block style deployment. (Had been vertical deployment from 2012-2020). The sonde and deployment structure were not recovered following Hurricane Isaias in early August 2020. At this time a temporary deployment structure was installed at the same location on 10/17/2020 and data collection resumed. This deployment structure which does not follow NERRS SWMP SOPs continued to be deployed in 2021. Data during 2021 may have fluctuations in depth due to the anchored deployment structure that may shift between deployments, during storms or periods of high current activity.

Following the 10/25/21 deployment (which ended on 11/22/2021) the station became untethered, and the sonde was retrieved. No sonde was deployed after retrieval resulting in missing data from 11/22/2021 through 12/31/2021. The sonde will be replaced when a more stable structure is installed.

This site has had increasing problems with mud and silt in the deployment tube when vertically deployed, affecting readings and filling the guard above the level of the sensors. Affected data are flagged suspect or rejected with the CMD comment code indicating mud in sensor guard. This particularly affects turbidity, chlorophyll, and optical sensors. Chlorophyll may spike with turbidity in part by benthic microalga adsorbing to suspended sediment particles. Mud and silt have also impacted the temporary deployment structure during this monitoring period without vertical deployment.

Missing data due to deployment maintenance:

03/17/2021 13:15

04/19/2021 16:00

05/19/2021 16:00

08/24/2021 12:15

09

/23/2021 13:00

10/25/2021 13:15

10/02/2021 12:45 - 10/02/2021 13:45 Data do not appear to fit conditions. The circumstances are unknown. Multiple parameters experienced a large excursion. Temperature and Depth look OK. All data rejected. 10/14/2021 13:00 - 10/14/2021 14:30 Similar occurrence as above but constrained to salinity/conductivity.

Depth

There were several times that changes in barometric pressure affected the depth sensor. The depth records were flagged as suspect, <1> [SNV] (CAP) when the values were negative but the sensors were still in the water.

Out of water events began on 02/25/2021, initially only sensor out of water then became a general error affecting all parameters and coded as rejected, GOW. Out of water events continued at every low tide through 03/16/2021.

Out of water event on 03/29/2021, data rejected.

Out of water event during 06/24/2021 deployment affecting several sensors, data rejected: 06/24/21, 07/04/21 – 07/06/21, 07/20/21.

SpCond/Salinity

This site experiences out of water events and may sample a fresh water lens in advance or following this events.

The SpCond/Salinity post-calibration values were unacceptable for several deployment periods. All data were flagged as suspect or rejected for the following affected deployments:

04/19/2021

6/24/2021

07/27/2021

09/23/2021

10/25/2021

Dissolved Oxygen

Dissolved oxygen data can be quite variable. These cycles often correlate with tidal fluctuation, and may be accentuated by presence of invasive drift algae, *Gracilaria vermiculophylla*.

Values above 100% saturation are not uncommon and values above 200% may occur during warmer months. These reflect conditions at the site, occurring at the same time as elevated pH values and data were retained (unless affected by out of water events, potentially driven by *G. vermiculophylla* presence). Data were not flagged as suspect though some of the upper limits for percent saturation were surpassed.

pH

pH postcal was unacceptable for the following deployments causing data to be flagged as suspect or rejected:

02/16/2021 , data impacted starting around 03/14/2021 flagged as suspect then rejected

04/19/2021

05/19/2021

06/4/2021

07/27/2021

Turbidity

Elevated turbidity readings were rejected or flagged as suspect.

Turb postcal was unacceptable for the following deployments causing data to be flagged as suspect or rejected.

01/19/2021 – all data look good

Sensor failed post calibration due to biofouling. Elevated values flagged <-3> [SQR] (CBF)
05/17/2021 00:00- 05/19/2021 15:45

Chlorophyll

Occasional chlorophyll spikes occurred and were flagged as suspect or rejected, cause unknown.

Sensor failed post calibration due to biofouling. Elevated values flagged <-3> [SQR] (CBF)
05/15/2021 12:15 - 05/19/2021 15:45

Chlorophyll malfunction. Spontaneous data dropped to <0. May be indicating future sensor failure.
Cause unknown at this time. Flagged <-3> [SSM] (CCU)

05/22/2021 00:00
05/23/2021 01:30
05/23/2021 01:15
05/22/2021 00:15
05/21/2021 23:45
05/22/2021 00:30
05/20/2021 22:15
05/20/2021 22:45
05/20/2021 23:15
05/24/2021 02:45
05/20/2021 22:30
05/20/2021 23:00
05/25/2021 03:45
05/20/2021 23:30
05/25/2021 03:30
05/19/2021 21:30
05/19/2021 21:45

Loosin Creek

General

There were several times that changes in barometric pressure affected the depth sensor. The depth records were flagged as suspect, <1> [SNV] (CAP) when the values were negative but the sensors were still in the water.

Missing data due to sonde error 01/20/2021 – 02/16/2021 13:30. Sonde was programmed correctly but only collected pre-deployment data. YSI technicians believe there may have been Bluetooth error interference.

Missing data 07/09/2021 – 07/27/2021, due to board error on dissolved oxygen sensor.

Missing data 09/23/2021 11:15 due to sonde swap.

SpCond/Salinity

The SpCond/Salinity post-calibration values were unacceptable for several deployment periods. All data were flagged as suspect or rejected for the following affected deployments:

04/20/2021 – post cal value slightly elevated and readings at the end of deployment may be elevated, flagged entire deployment as suspect

08/24/2021 – post cal failure, most likely due to missing wiper and increased biofouling – data decrease rapidly beginning around 09/11/2021.

12/06/2021 deployment, catastrophic failure, reporting NAN, rejected for entire deployment

Dissolved Oxygen

The following deployments did not pass post calibration with acceptable values with rejected or suspect data:

06/23/2021 – the original data file was fragmented and not sequential. YSI technicians found that there was a board issue disrupting data from the dissolved oxygen sensor.

08/24/2021 – post cal failure, most likely due to missing wiper and increased biofouling – all data flagged as 1 SPC, data decreased rapidly beginning around 09/11/2021 and rejected from that point through the end of deployment

12/06/2021 deployment, catastrophic SpCond sensor failure, reporting NAN, rejected for entire deployment

pH

pH postcal was unacceptable for the following deployments causing data to be flagged as suspect or rejected.

02/16/2021 deployment, post read 16.15 for both 7 and 10, the mV read -612.5 for both 7 and 10. Data are marked suspect from 2/16 to 3/12/2021 17:00 and rejected from 03/12/2021 17:15 until the end of the deployment.

Turbidity

Elevated turbidity readings were rejected or flagged as suspect.

Turb postcal was unacceptable for the following deployments causing data to be flagged as suspect or rejected.

05/19/2021 – data seem to fit conditions for the site other than occasional spikes, filamentous algae present at sonde retrieval and impacted post calibration values, Flagged as suspect during 6/19/2021 - 6/24/2021.

07/27/2021 – data elevated with increased frequency of turbidity spikes beginning on 08/17/2021 through the end of the deployment. Spikes rejected and other data flagged as suspect.

08/24/2021 – post cal failure, most likely due to missing wiper and increased biofouling – data values increased beginning around 09/13/2021 and rejected from then to end of deployment

Chlorophyll

Occasional chlorophyll spikes occurred and were flagged as suspect or rejected, cause unknown.

During 05/19/2021 deployment elevated chl a values were rejected, most likely due to filamentous algae.

Negative chlorophyll values were rejected:

04/19/2021 deployment

Negative values and failure to pass post calibration resulted in rejection of chl a data for the entire 12/06/2021 deployment.

Depth

12/06/2021 deployment, catastrophic SpCond sensor failure, rejected for entire deployment

Research Creek

General

Piling was listing during routine service in 2020, staff secured the piling prior to Hurricane Isaias, and structure was horizontal in the water. A temporary anchor mounted deployment structure was fabricated and deployed on

10/21/2020 and continued to be deployed throughout 2021. This structure is not set up according to NERRS SWMP SOPs. Data during 2021 may have fluctuations in depth due to the anchored deployment structure that may shift between deployments, during storms or periods of high current activity. There were several times that changes in barometric pressure affected the depth sensor. The depth records were flagged as suspect, <1> [SNV] (CAP) when the values were negative but the sensors were still in the water.

Data collected while sonde was out of the water for station maintenance. Data rejected and flagged <-2> [GIM] (CSM)
02/24/2021
07/26/2021

Missing data due to sonde swap. Flagged <-2> [GMC]:
02/16/2021 13:00
06/23/2021 11:45
08/24/2021 15:15
10/13/2021 18:30 <-2> [GIM] (CSM)
09/23/2021 10:45
11/22/2021 12:00

05/01/2021 05:45 – 05/06/2021 15:30 Suspected biofouling from macroalgae or temporary sonde cage rolling that partially submerged DO and CT sensors in mud. Affected data rejected and coded <-3> [SPC].

SpCond/Salinity

This site experiences out of water events and may sample a fresh water lens in advance or following this events.

05/01/2021 05:45 – 05/06/2021 15:30 Suspected biofouling from macroalgae or temporary sonde cage rolling that partially submerged DO and CT sensors in mud. Affected data rejected and coded <-3> [SPC].

SpCond/Salinity sensor failure during entire 10/25/21 deployment. All data rejected <-3> [SCF] (CSM). Associated data D0mg/L and Depth also rejected <-3> [SCF] (CSM)

Sonde/sensors out of water
12/03/2021 00:00 - 12/03/2021 01:00 affected data flagged <-3> [SOW] (CLT)

Dissolved Oxygen

05/01/2021 05:45 – 05/06/2021 15:30 Suspected biofouling from macroalgae or temporary sonde cage rolling that partially submerged DO and CT sensors in mud. Affected data rejected and coded <-3> [GSM] (CBF).

Change between 07/27/2021 and 08/24/2021 deployments data jumps 10% sat. and 0.6mg/l. Post calibrations look ok. Data within deployments looks good too. 08/24/2021 data drops by same amount for following deployment. Flagged <1> [GSM] (CCU)

SpCond/Salinity sensor failure during entire 10/25/21 and 12/6/21 deployments. All data rejected <-3> [SSM] (CSM). Associated data D0mg/L and Depth also rejected <-3> [SCF] (CSM).

pH

pH data missing due to an instrument malfunction from 10/13/21 – 10/25/21.

Turbidity

Elevated turbidity readings were rejected or flagged as suspect: 01/20/2021.

Turbidity post cal read high in 0 for the 1/20/2021 deployment. Data are marked 1 SPC CSM with spikes marked -3 STS CSM.

Suspected biofouling impacted turbidity data from 05/01/2021 05:45 to 05/06/2021 15:30.

Suspected macroalgal biofouling of Turbidity and Chlorophyll sensors 07/20/2021 22:45 - 07/24/2021 17:00. Data flagged <1> (CBF). Data returns to normal through the end of the deployment on 07/27/2021 however data remain marked 0 CSM.

The Turbidity post-calibration values were unacceptable for several deployment periods. All data were flagged as suspect or rejected for the following affected deployments:

01/20/2021

04/20/2021

Chlorophyll

Occasional chlorophyll spikes occurred and were flagged as suspect or rejected, cause unknown.

Lots of elevated readings during the 01/19/2021 and 02/16/2021 deployments, cause unknown possibly macroalage.

12/6/21 deployment – some negative chlorophyll values. Possibly out of calibration. <-3> [SNV] (CSM)

Suspected macroalgal biofouling of Turbidity and Chlorophyll sensors 07/20/2021 22:45 - 07/24/2021 17:00. Data flagged <1> (CBF). Data returns to normal through the end of the deployment on 07/27/2021 however data remain marked 0 CSM.

Depth

The depth data disappeared on 01/26/2021 mid deployment then mysteriously returned on 02/12/2021. Depth data missing during this time, coded as instrument malfunction.

The depth data disappeared on 03/29/2021 mid deployment and did not return through 04/20/2021.

An instrument malfunction caused depth data to be missing from 09/23/21 11:00 to 10/13/21 18:15.

SpCond/Salinity sensor failure during entire 10/25/21 deployment. All data rejected <-3> [SSM] (CSM). Associated data DOmg/L and Depth also rejected <-3> [SCF] (CSM)

Sonde/sensors out of water

12/03/2021 00:00 - 12/03/2021 01:00 affected data flagged <-3> [SOW] (CLT)

Zeke's Basin

General

There were several times that changes in barometric pressure affected the depth sensor. The depth records were flagged as suspect, <1> [SNV] (CAP) when the values were negative but the sensors were still in the water.

Instrument error resulted in missing data from 01/19/2021 next deployment on 02/16/2021.

Missing data due to sonde swap on
03/17/2021 13:30
06/23/2021 11:45
10/25/2021 13:30
12/06/2021 12:00

Instrument malfunction during the 10/25/2021 deployment resulted in large sections of missing data until finally powering down for the rest of the deployment.

SpCond/Salinity sensor failures during entire deployments. All data rejected <-3> [SPC] (CSM).
Associated data DOmg/L and Depth also rejected <-3> [SCF] (CSM)
07/19/2021 – 07/27/2021
12/06/2020

SpCond/Salinity

This site experiences out of water events and may sample a freshwater lens in advance or following these events.

The SpCond/Salinity post-calibration values were unacceptable for several deployment periods. All data were flagged as suspect or rejected for the following affected deployments:

06/23/2021
07/27/2021
08/24/2021

Sal/SpCond sensor failures flagged <-3> [SPC] (CSM):
07/19/2021 – end of the deployment

Dissolved Oxygen

The following deployments did not pass post calibration with acceptable values with rejected or suspect data:
06/23/2021

Data disjunct between deployments. Sensor drift downward due to biofouling. Affected data flagged suspect <1> [SPC] (CSM), 06/25/2021 to 07/02/2021 1:30; marked rejected <-3> [SPC] (CSM)
07/19/2021 - 07/27/2021 13:30.

Following the 10/25/2021 deployment data collection became sporadic and eventually failed after 2 days. Missing data was flagged <-2> [GIM] (CSM)

pH

pH postcal was unacceptable for the following deployments causing data to be flagged as suspect or rejected.

03/17/2021, data flagged as suspect beginning 04/04/2021 -Data at deployment shoulders looks good.

05/19/2021 deployment – post cal data not saved. PreCal pH slope out of spec. Data look good but flagged suspect <1> [SPC] (CSM). Data off by 0.2 pH near beginning and end of the deployment.

pH sensor failure 08/27/2021 17:00 - 09/23/2021 13:15. All affected data rejected through the end of the deployment.

Data disjunct between deployments. Some sensor drift downward due to biofouling. Affected data flagged suspect <1> [SPC] (CSM)

07/19/2021 - 07/27/2021 13:30

08/24/2021 12:30 – cause may be due to calibration during subsequent deployment?

Turbidity

Elevated turbidity readings were rejected or flagged as suspect.

Turb postcal was unacceptable for the following deployments causing data to be flagged as suspect or rejected.

07/19/2021 - 07/27/2021 13:30 Elevated minimum daily values. Some sensor drift upward due to biofouling. Affected data flagged suspect <1> [SPC] (CSM) from 07/18/2021 to 07/26/2021.

Rejected <-3> [SBO] (CSM) following 07/26/2021 07:15.

Chlorophyll

Occasional chlorophyll spikes occurred and were flagged as suspect or rejected, cause unknown.

07/19/2021 - 07/27/2021 13:30 experience elevated minimum daily values. Some sensor drift upward due to biofouling. Affected data flagged suspect <1> [SPC] (CSM). These data may be accurate as the elevated data continues through the next deployment.

Depth

Recurring sensor malfunction occurred during the 07/27/2021 deployment resulting in the following missing depth data:

07/27/2021 13:45 - 08/24/2021 12:15