

**Weeks Bay Reserve (WKB) NERR Nutrient Metadata**  
**January to December 2024**  
**Latest Update: 06/04/2025**

Note: This is a provisional metadata document; it has not been authenticated as of its download date. Contents of this document are subject to change throughout the QAQC process and it should not be considered a final record of data documentation until that process is complete. Contact the CDMO ([cdmosupport@baruch.sc.edu](mailto:cdmosupport@baruch.sc.edu)) or reserve with any additional questions.

**I. Data Set and Research Descriptors**

**1) Principal investigator(s) and contact persons –**

Scott Phipps, Research Coordinator  
Weeks Bay Reserve  
11300 U. S. Highway 98  
Fairhope, AL 36532

Davis Calametti, SWMP Technician  
Weeks Bay Reserve  
11300 U.S. Hwy 98  
Fairhope, AL 36532

**Contact Persons**

Ashley Griffin, SWMP Technician  
Weeks Bay Reserve  
11300 U.S. Hwy 98  
Fairhope, AL. 36532  
251-651-2313  
[Ashley.griffin@dcnr.alabama.gov](mailto:Ashley.griffin@dcnr.alabama.gov)

**2) Research objectives –**

a) Monthly grab sampling program

Monthly grab samples were collected to quantify the spatial variability of important nutrients in the water column between sites representing the local salinity gradient.

b) Diel sampling program

Once per month, 12 samples were collected through a tidal cycle to quantify the temporal variability of important nutrients and sediment loading in the water column as a function of tidal forcing.

**3) Research methods –**

a) Monthly grab sampling program

Monthly grab samples were taken at the four primary SWMP stations (also datasonde locations) within the Weeks Bay estuary: Weeks Bay (WB) Middle Bay (MB) Magnolia River (MR) and Fish River (FR). Grab samples were collected within two hours prior to slack low tide. When possible, samples were collected under spring tide conditions. Rainfall conditions prior to grab sampling were

not considered. Grab samples were obtained in conjunction with the deployment of a Hach™ AS950 portable sampler. (See 3b)

Triplicate samples were collected sequentially using a FieldMaster™ sample collection device lowered to 0.5 meters from the bottom (sample collection times for replicates were advanced by one minute for database purposes). Water temperature, salinity, pH, dissolved oxygen and turbidity data for each grab sample can be obtained by correlating grab sample collection dates and time with datasonde data available via the Central Data Management Office website ([www.nerrsdata.org](http://www.nerrsdata.org)).

All samples were collected in opaque, 500ml, Nalgene™ sample bottles that were previously acid washed and then rinsed with distilled water. Samples were immediately placed on ice and stored in a dark cooler then returned to the laboratory. Once in the laboratory samples were processed for nutrient and chlorophyll-a analysis. (See 8b)

b) Diel sampling program

At the FR site, twelve samples are collected each month using a Hach AS950 portable auto sampler. Sampler was programmed to make one 300 mL collection approximately every 135 minutes throughout a complete tidal cycle (12 samples evenly spaced over a predicted tidal cycle). Samples were collected under spring tide conditions. Samples are stored on ice in 1000ml semi-transparent Hach containers within the body of the sampler. Sample containers are acid washed and rinsed with distilled water prior to sampler deployment. The sampler was programmed to flush the collection line 3 times prior to sample uptake. As soon as possible after the final collection time the samples were returned to the laboratory for nutrient, solids and Chl-a analysis.

**4) Site location and character –**

Weeks Bay (30° 23' N, 87° 50' W) is a small, shallow, microtidal sub-estuary, located on the eastern shore of Mobile Bay in the northern Gulf of Mexico. It is nearly diamond shaped, and its longitudinal axis (3.4 km long) runs nearly north–south from the head, where the Fish River flows in, to the mouth, where water is exchanged with Mobile Bay. Its widest point (3.1 km) is located near the center of the estuary, where the Magnolia River discharges into eastern side of Weeks Bay. Average depth is 1.4 m, although there are two areas where depths are significantly greater. The first is in the mouth of the bay, where the average depth is 6m; the second is about 100m upstream of the mouth of the Fish River, where the average depth is 3.5m. Tides are principally diurnal and have a mean range of 0.4m.

The Fish River drainage basin encompasses 14300 hectares and contributes approximately 73% to the total incoming freshwater flow with the Magnolia River supplying the rest. Mean combined discharge is 9 cubic meters per second, although freshnets up to 4 times larger occur throughout the year. These characteristics result in a freshwater residence time of 13 days under average discharge conditions, with a range from 0.5 to 100 days. Salinity in Weeks Bay varies substantially both temporally and spatially. During periods of high flow in the river, salinity in the bay may be fresh from the head to the mouth, except in the deeper holes of the estuary that are not as easily flushed. However, during periods of low flow in the river, wind velocity and tidal stage are strong factors influencing salinity structure. Salinity greater than 25 ppt is infrequently observed in Weeks Bay and is usually restricted to the southern portion of the estuary near the mouth.

|                               |                            |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Site name                     | Weeks Bay                  |
| Latitude and longitude        | 30° 22.85' N, 87° 49.92' W |
| Tidal range ( <i>meters</i> ) | 0.4 m                      |
| Salinity range ( <i>psu</i> ) | 5 psu to 25 psu            |

|                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Type and amount of freshwater input          | Freshwater input comes from Fish River at the head of the bay, and Magnolia River near the middle of the bay.                                                                                                          |
| Water depth ( <i>meters, MLW</i> )           | Average depth is 1.4 m. However, at the mouth of the bay, the average depth is 6m.                                                                                                                                     |
| Sonde distance from bottom ( <i>meters</i> ) | 0.5 m                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Bottom habitat or type                       | <i>Sandy-silt</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Pollutants in area                           | No indication of pollutants                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Description of watershed                     | Located near the southeast shore of Weeks Bay. Land use around this site is almost exclusively residential, with agriculture occurring inland. Nutrient concentrations are much lower at this site than at Fish River. |
|                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Site name                                    | Middle Bay                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Latitude and longitude                       | <i>30° 23.52' N, 87° 49.37' W</i>                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Tidal range (meters)                         | 0.4 m                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Salinity range (psu)                         | 0 psu to 25 psu                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Type and amount of freshwater input          | Freshwater input comes from Fish River at the head of the bay, and Magnolia River near the middle of the bay.                                                                                                          |
| Water depth (meters, MLW)                    | Average depth is 1.5 m.                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Sonde distance from bottom (meters)          | 0.5 m                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Bottom habitat or type                       | Sandy-silt                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Pollutants in area                           | No indication of pollutants                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Description of watershed                     | Located near the middle of the north/south axis of Weeks Bay.                                                                                                                                                          |
|                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Site name                                    | Magnolia River                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Latitude and longitude                       | <i>30° 23.31' N, 87° 49.03' W</i>                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Salinity range (psu)                         | 0 psu to 20 psu                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Water depth (meters, MLW)                    | Mean depth is 1.1 m                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Sonde distance from bottom (meters)          | 0.5 m                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Bottom habitat or type                       | Silty to clayey with no sub-aquatic vegetation                                                                                                                                                                         |

|                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Pollutants in area                  | No indication of pollutants                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Description of watershed            | Located near the mouth of Magnolia River. Watershed is predominantly agricultural including turf, cotton, and peanut crops, as well as, cattle grazing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Site name                           | Fish River                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Latitude and longitude              | <i>30° 24.97'N, 87° 49.37'W</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Salinity range (psu)                | 0 to 20 psu                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Water depth (meters, MLW)           | Mean depth is about 2 m                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Sonde distance from bottom (meters) | 0.5 m                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Bottom habitat or type              | Sandy-silt with small patches of Vallisneria sp. growing near (but not under) the datalogger.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Pollutants in area                  | No indication of pollutants                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Description of watershed            | Located near the mouth of Fish River. Land use in the water shed is agricultural, forested and residential with the residential portion rapidly increasing. Directly surrounding the site, land use is residential and forested. Nutrient concentrations at this site are variable and may be quite high, with nitrate and phosphate concentrations ranging from approximately 4-100 µM and <0.5 to 7.5 µM, respectively, over the previous 10 years. This site is transmitted to the NOAA GOES satellite (see section 4 above). |

All Weeks Bay NERR historical nutrient/pigment monitoring stations:

| Station Code | SWMP Status | Station Name    | Location                            | Active Dates                  | Reason Decommissioned            | Notes                                                                                               |
|--------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| wkbfrnut     | P           | Fish River      | 30° 24' 58.32 N,<br>87° 49' 22.08 W | 02/01/2002<br>- current       | NA                               | NA                                                                                                  |
| wkmbnut      | P           | Middle Bay      | 30° 23' 45.96 N,<br>87° 50' 0.60 W  | 02/01/2002<br>- current       | NA                               | NA                                                                                                  |
| wkbmrnut     | P           | Magnolia River  | 30° 23' 24.00 N,<br>87° 49' 3.72 W  | 02/01/2002<br>current         | NA                               | NA                                                                                                  |
| wkbwbnut     | P           | Weeks Bay       | 30° 22' 50.88 N,<br>87° 49' 55.20 W | 02/01/2002<br>- current       | NA                               | NA                                                                                                  |
| wkbwsnut     | P           | Weather Station | 30° 24' 53.32 N,<br>87° 49' 33.60 W | 11/19/2002<br>-<br>12/28/2004 | Dock destroyed in Hurricane Ivan | ISCO deployment near FR site (FR was originally located on a private dock and not suitable for ISCO |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |                                                          |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|----------------------------------------------------------|
|  |  |  |  |  |  | deployment).<br>Location of original<br>weather station. |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|----------------------------------------------------------|

### 5) Coded variable definitions –

- a) Station codes (column ‘A’ of nutrient data report):  
wkbwbnut = Weeks Bay NERR, site Weeks Bay nutrients  
wkbfrnut = Weeks Bay NERR, site Fish River nutrients  
wkbmrnut = Weeks Bay NERR, site Magnolia River nutrients  
wkbmbnut = Weeks Bay NERR, site Middle Bay nutrients
- b) Monitoring program (column “C” of nutrient data report):  
1 = Monthly grab sample  
2 = Diel grab sample
- c) Nutrient parameter comment code columns (denoted with a ‘F\_’ and found in columns immediately following reported data variable. Refer to section 10 for parameter titles and variable names by data category.)

### 6) Data collection period –

|              |                                     |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| wkbWBnut (1) | 1/25/2024 9:10, 9:11, 9:12          |
| wkbMBnut (1) | 1/25/2024 9:20, 9:21, 9:22          |
| wkbMRnut (1) | 1/25/2024 9:30, 9:31, 9:32          |
| wkbFRnut (1) | 1/25/2024 9:45, 9:46, 9:47          |
| wkbFR (2)    | 1/24/2024 9:00 -<br>1/25/2024 09:45 |
|              |                                     |
|              |                                     |

### 7) Associated researchers and projects–

As part of the SWMP long-term monitoring program, WKB NERR also monitors 15-minute meteorological and water quality data which may be correlated with this nutrient/pigment dataset. These data are available at [www.nerrsdata.org](http://www.nerrsdata.org).

### 8) Distribution –

NOAA retains the right to analyze, synthesize and publish summaries of the NERRS System-wide Monitoring Program data. The NERRS retains the right to be fully credited for having collected and processed the data. Following academic courtesy standards, the NERR site where the data were collected should be contacted and fully acknowledged in any subsequent publications in which any part of the data are used. The data set enclosed within this package/transmission is only as good as the quality assurance and quality control procedures outlined by the enclosed metadata reporting statement. The user bears all responsibility for its subsequent use/misuse in any further analyses or comparisons. The Federal government does not assume liability to the Recipient or third persons, nor will the Federal government

reimburse or indemnify the Recipient for its liability due to any losses resulting in any way from the use of this data.

Requested citation format:

NOAA National Estuarine Research Reserve System (NERRS). System-wide Monitoring Program. Data accessed from the NOAA NERRS Centralized Data Management Office website: [www.nerrdata.org](http://www.nerrdata.org); *accessed* 12 October 2024..

NERR nutrient data and metadata can be obtained from the Research Coordinator at the individual NERR site (please see Principal investigators and contact persons), from the Data Manager at the Centralized Data Management Office (please see personnel directory under the general information link on the CDMO home page) and online at the CDMO home page [www.nerrdata.org](http://www.nerrdata.org). Data are available in comma separated version format.

## II. Physical Structure Descriptors

### 9) Entry verification –

Samples were collected and analysis performed in accordance with Weeks Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve's Standard Operating Procedures for Water Chemistry. Analysis data was recorded in both a laboratory log book and electronically in spreadsheet form. This data was then transferred in general formatting into the comprehensive Excel form employed by the NERR system for yearly reporting purposes. Data was checked twice for transfer accuracy.

Nutrient data are entered into a Microsoft Excel worksheet and processed using the NutrientQAQC Excel macro. The NutrientQAQC macro sets up the data worksheet, metadata worksheets, and MDL worksheet; adds chosen parameters and facilitates data entry; allows the user to set the number of significant figures to be reported for each parameter and rounds using banker's rounding rules; allows the user to input MDL values and then automatically flags/codes measured values below MDL and inserts the MDL; calculates parameters chosen by the user and automatically flags/codes for component values below MDL, negative calculated values, and missing data; allows the user to apply QAQC flags and codes to the data; produces summary statistics; graphs selected parameters for review; and exports the resulting data file to the CDMO for tertiary QAQC and assimilation into the CDMO's authoritative online database.

## 10) Parameter titles and variable names by category –

Required NOAA NERRS System-wide Monitoring Program nutrient parameters are denoted by an asterisk “\*”.

| Data Category            | Parameter                    | Variable Name | Units of Measure |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|------------------|
| Phosphorus and Nitrogen: |                              |               |                  |
|                          | *Orthophosphate              | PO4F          | mg/L as P        |
|                          | Total Dissolved Phosphorous  | TDP           | mg/L as P        |
|                          | Dissolved Organic Phosphate  | DOP           | mg/L as P        |
|                          | *Ammonium, Filtered          | NH4F          | mg/L as N        |
|                          | *Nitrite, Filtered           | NO2F          | mg/L as N        |
|                          | *Nitrate, Filtered           | NO3F          | mg/L as N        |
|                          | *Nitrite + Nitrate, Filtered | NO23F         | mg/L as N        |
| Plant Pigments:          |                              |               |                  |
|                          | *Chlorophyll a               | CHLA_N        | µg/L             |
|                          | Total Suspended Solids       | TSS           | mg/L             |

Notes:

1. Time is coded based on a 2400 clock and is referenced to Standard Time.
2. Reserves have the option of measuring either NO2 and NO3 or they may substitute NO23 for individual analyses if they can show that NO2 is a minor component relative to NO3.

## 11) Measured or calculated laboratory parameters –

### a) Parameters measured directly

|                     |                   |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| Nitrogen species:   | NH4F, NO2F, NO23F |
| Phosphorus species: | PO4F, TDP         |
| Other:              | CHLA_N, TSS       |

### b) Calculated parameters

|      |            |
|------|------------|
| NO3F | NO23F-NO2F |
| DOP  | TDP-PO4F   |

## 12) Limits of detection –

Method Detection Limits (MDL), the lowest concentration of a parameter that an analytical procedure can reliably detect, have been established by the Weeks Bay laboratory technicians for each parameter. The MDL is determined as 3 times the standard deviation of a minimum of 7 replicates of a single low concentration sample. These values are reviewed and revised periodically.

| Parameter | Start Date | End Date   | MDL  | Revisited  |
|-----------|------------|------------|------|------------|
| CHLA_N    | 1/1/2024   | 12/31/2024 | .01  | 06/20/2021 |
| NH4F      | 1/1/2024   | 12/31/2024 | .004 | 06/20/2021 |
| NO23F     | 1/1/2024   | 12/31/2024 | .001 | 06/20/2021 |
| NO2F      | 1/1/2024   | 12/31/2024 | .001 | 06/20/2021 |
| PO4F      | 1/1/2024   | 12/31/2024 | .002 | 06/20/2021 |
| TDP       | 1/1/2024   | 12/31/2024 | .002 | 06/20/2021 |
| TSS       | 1/1/2024   | 12/31/2024 | .1   | 06/20/2021 |
| CHLA_N    | 1/1/2024   | 12/31/2024 | .01  | 06/20/2021 |

### 13) Laboratory methods –

#### a) **Parameter: Chlorophyll *a***

##### Method References:

Weeks Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve - SOP

Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20<sup>th</sup> edition. p 10-18.

10200 H. Chlorophyll - Fluorometric Determination of Chlorophyll.

EPA Method 445.0 *In Vitro* Determination of Chlorophyll *a* by Fluorescence revision 1.2 pp. 22.

##### Method Descriptor:

Instrumentation: Fluorometer (Turner Designs Trilogy)

The method used requires filtering a known quantity of water through a glass fiber filter (4.7 cm GF/F). This filter is stored dry in a freezer at -20°C until extraction. In preparation for extraction, the filter is placed in a 15 mL centrifuge tube with 10mLs of DMSO/aqueous acetone solution. The tube is then placed in a dark freezer for a minimum of 1 hour for extraction. After extraction is complete, the tube is removed from the freezer and stored in a dark room for 30 minutes to allow for temperature equilibration. Three milliliters of the sample is then removed from the tube and placed in a 1.0 cm glass (or methacrylate) fluorometer cell. Fluorescence is read at excitation = 485 nm and emission = 685 nm (note: emission filter must be accurate to within 10 nm). Chlorophyll *a* concentration of the sample is determined by comparison with a standard curve of known chlorophyll *a* concentrations. The Turner Designs Trilogy performs this determination automatically against a standard curve with known concentrations that has been programmed into its memory.

##### Preservation Method:

A known quantity of water is filtered through a glass fiber filter (4.7 cm GF/F). This filter is stored dry in a freezer at -20°C until extraction.

#### b) **Parameter: Ammonia**

##### Method References:

Weeks Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve - SOP

Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20<sup>th</sup> edition. p 4-108.

4500-NH<sub>3</sub> F. Phenate Method.

##### Method Descriptor:

Instrumentation: Spectrophotometer (Spectronic Genesys 5).

An intensely blue compound, indophenol, is formed by the reaction of ammonia, hypochlorite, and phenol catalyzed by sodium nitroprusside. The indophenol blue is proportional to the ammonia concentration. The color develops at room temperature (22 to 27°C) in subdued light after 1 hour and is stable for 24 hours. Absorbance is measured with a spectrophotometer at 640 nm.

##### Preservation Method:

Sample is filtered as soon as possible after collection. Ammonia analysis is begun as soon after filtering as possible. If necessary, samples can be held in a refrigerator at 4°C for a short period of time until analysis.

**c) Parameter: Nitrite**

Method Reference

Weeks Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve - SOP  
Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20<sup>th</sup> edition. p 4-112.  
4500-NO<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup> B. Colorimetric Method.

Method Descriptor:

Instrumentation: Spectrophotometer (Spectronic Genesys 5).  
Nitrite is determined through formation of a reddish purple dye produced at pH 2.0 to 2.5 by coupling diazotized sulfanilamide with N-(1-naphthyl)-ethylenediamine dihydrochloride (NED dihydrochloride). The color system obeys Beer's law up to 180 µg N/L with a 1-cm light path at 543 nm.

Preservation Method:

Sample is filtered as soon as possible after collection. Nitrite analysis is begun as soon after filtering as possible. If necessary, samples can be held in a refrigerator at 4°C for a short period of time until analysis.

**d) Parameter: Nitrite + Nitrate**

Method References:

Weeks Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve - SOP  
Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20<sup>th</sup> edition. p 4-117.  
4500-NO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> E. Cadmium Reduction Method.

Method Descriptor:

Instrumentation: Spectrophotometer (Spectronic Genesys 5).  
Nitrate is reduced almost quantitatively to nitrite in the presence of cadmium (Cd). This method uses commercially available Cd granules treated with copper sulfate and packed in a glass column. The nitrite produced thus is determined by diazotizing with sulfanilamide and coupling with N-(1-naphthyl)-ethylenediamine dihydrochloride to form a highly colored azo dye that is measured colorimetrically.

Preservation Method:

Sample is filtered as soon as possible after collection. Analysis is begun as soon after filtering as possible. If necessary, samples can be held in a refrigerator at 4°C for a short period of time until analysis.

**e) Parameter: Orthophosphate (Dissolved Reactive Phosphorus)**

Method References:

Weeks Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve - SOP  
Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20<sup>th</sup> edition. p 4-146.  
4500-P E. Ascorbic Acid Method.

Method Descriptor:

Instrumentation: Spectrophotometer (Spectronic Genesys 5).

Ammonium molybdate and potassium antimonyl tartrate react in acid medium with orthophosphate to form a heteropoly acid – phosphomolybdic acid – that is reduced to intensely colored molybdenum blue by ascorbic acid. Measure absorbance of each sample at 880 nm.

Preservation Method:

Sample is filtered as soon as possible after collection. Analysis is begun as soon after filtering as possible. If necessary, samples can be held in a refrigerator at 4°C for a short period of time until analysis.

**f) Parameter: Total Dissolved Phosphorus**

Method References:

Weeks Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve - SOP  
Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20<sup>th</sup> edition. p 4-142.  
4500-P B. 5. Persulfate Digestion Method. Then method 4500-P E. Ascorbic Acid Method (see above).

Method Descriptor:

Instrumentation: Spectrophotometer (Spectronic Genesys 5).  
Di, tri, poly and organic phosphates are oxidized to mono-phosphates using K<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub> (potassium persulphate) and heat. Mono-phosphates are then determined using the Ascorbic Acid Method outlined above (see Dissolved Reactive Phosphate).

Preservation Method:

Sample is filtered as soon as possible after collection. Analysis is begun as soon after filtering as possible. If necessary, samples can be held in a refrigerator at 4°C for a short period of time until analysis.

**g) Parameter: Total Suspended Solids**

Method References:

National Estuarine Research Reserve System Standard Operating Procedure for Measurement of Total Suspended Solids and Volatile Suspended Solids in Water.

Method Descriptor:

Instrumentation: Mettler Toledo AG285 Analytical Balance  
A known volume of sample is filtered through a pre-weighted filter paper. The filter papers are then placed in a drying oven (103° to 105°C) for 24 hours. Filter papers are then placed on a drying rack to allow temperature to equilibrate. Filters are weighed and an equation is used to calculate the total suspended solids per the known volume of sample.

Preservation Method:

Sample is filtered as soon as possible after collection. Analysis is begun as soon after filtering as possible. If necessary, samples can be held in a refrigerator at 4°C for a short period of time until analysis.

**14) Field and Laboratory QAQC programs –**

a) **Precision**

- i) **Field variability** – True field replicates are taken at each site during grab sampling (N=3). Each replicate is a successive grab. Sample XXXXX-G1 is taken and then sampler emptied. The grab sampler is deployed once again to acquire XXXXX-G2 and then again to collect XXXXX-G3
- ii) **Laboratory variability** – None
- iii) **Inter-organizational splits** – Samples were not split and analyzed by two different labs.

b) **Accuracy**

- i) **Sample spikes** – information unavailable
- ii) **Standard reference material analysis** – Information unavailable
- iii) **Cross calibration exercises** – Information unavailable

**15) QAQC flag definitions –**

QAQC flags provide documentation of the data and are applied to individual data points by insertion into the parameter's associated flag column (header preceded by an F\_). QAQC flags are applied to the nutrient data during secondary QAQC to indicate data that are out of sensor range low (-4), rejected due to QAQC checks (-3), missing (-2), optional and were not collected (-1), suspect (1), and that have been corrected (5). All remaining data are flagged as having passed initial QAQC checks (0) when the data are uploaded and assimilated into the CDMO ODIS as provisional plus data. The historical data flag (4) is used to indicate data that were submitted to the CDMO prior to the initiation of secondary QAQC flags and codes (and the use of the automated primary QAQC system for WQ and MET data). This flag is only present in historical data that are exported from the CDMO ODIS.

- 4 Outside Low Sensor Range
- 3 Data Rejected due to QAQC
- 2 Missing Data
- 1 Optional SWMP Supported Parameter
- 0 Data Passed Initial QAQC Checks
- 1 Suspect Data
- 4 Historical Data: Pre-Auto QAQC
- 5 Corrected Data

**16) QAQC code definitions –**

QAQC codes are used in conjunction with QAQC flags to provide further documentation of the data and are also applied by insertion into the associated flag column. There are three (3) different code categories, general, sensor, and comment. General errors document general problems with the sample or sample collection, sensor errors document common sensor or parameter specific problems, and comment codes are used to further document conditions or a problem with the data. Only one general or sensor error and one comment code can be applied to a particular data point. However, a record flag column (F\_Record) in the nutrient data allows multiple comment codes to be applied to the entire data record.

**General errors**

- |     |                                                               |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| GCM | Calculated value could not be determined due to missing data  |
| GCR | Calculated value could not be determined due to rejected data |
| GDM | Data missing or sample never collected                        |
| GQD | Data rejected due to QA/QC checks                             |
| GQS | Data suspect due to QA/QC checks                              |

GSM See metadata

Sensor errors

SBL Value below minimum limit of method detection  
SCB Calculated value could not be determined due to a below MDL component  
SCC Calculation with this component resulted in a negative value  
SNV Calculated value is negative  
SRD Replicate values differ substantially  
SUL Value above upper limit of method detection

Parameter Comments

CAB Algal bloom  
CDR Sample diluted and rerun  
CHB Sample held beyond specified holding time  
CIP Ice present in sample vicinity  
CIF Flotsam present in sample vicinity  
CLE Sample collected later/earlier than scheduled  
CRE Significant rain event  
CSM See metadata  
CUS Lab analysis from unpreserved sample

Record comments

CAB Algal bloom  
CHB Sample held beyond specified holding time  
CIP Ice present in sample vicinity  
CIF Flotsam present in sample vicinity  
CLE Sample collected later/earlier than scheduled  
CRE Significant rain event  
CSM See metadata  
CUS Lab analysis from unpreserved sample

*Cloud cover*

CCL clear (0-10%)  
CSP scattered to partly cloudy (10-50%)  
CPB partly to broken (50-90%)  
COC overcast (>90%)  
CFY foggy  
CHY hazy  
CCC cloud (no percentage)

*Precipitation*

PNP none  
PDR drizzle  
PLR light rain  
PHR heavy rain  
PSQ squally  
PFQ frozen precipitation (sleet/snow/freezing rain)  
PSR mixed rain and snow

*Tide stage*

TSE ebb tide  
TSF flood tide  
TSH high tide  
TSL low tide

*Wave height*

|                       |                          |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| WH0                   | 0 to <0.1 meters         |
| WH1                   | 0.1 to 0.3 meters        |
| WH2                   | 0.3 to 0.6 meters        |
| WH3                   | 0.6 to > 1.0 meters      |
| WH4                   | 1.0 to 1.3 meters        |
| WH5                   | 1.3 or greater meters    |
| <i>Wind direction</i> |                          |
| N                     | from the north           |
| NNE                   | from the north northeast |
| NE                    | from the northeast       |
| ENE                   | from the east northeast  |
| E                     | from the east            |
| ESE                   | from the east southeast  |
| SE                    | from the southeast       |
| SSE                   | from the south southeast |
| S                     | from the south           |
| SSW                   | from the south southwest |
| SW                    | from the southwest       |
| WSW                   | from the west southwest  |
| W                     | from the west            |
| WNW                   | from the west northwest  |
| NW                    | from the northwest       |
| NNW                   | from the north northwest |
| <i>Wind speed</i>     |                          |
| WS0                   | 0 to 1 knot              |
| WS1                   | > 1 to 10 knots          |
| WS2                   | > 10 to 20 knots         |
| WS3                   | > 20 to 30 knots         |
| WS4                   | > 30 to 40 knots         |
| WS5                   | > 40 knots               |

#### 17) Other remarks/notes –

Data may be missing due to problems with sample collection or processing. Laboratories in the NERR System submit data that are censored at a lower detection rate limit, called the Method Detection Limit or MDL. MDLs for specific parameters are listed in the Laboratory Methods and Detection Limits Section (Section II, Part 12) of this document. Concentrations that are less than this limit are censored with the use of a QAQC flag and code, and the reported value is the method detection limit itself rather than a measured value. For example, if the measured concentration of NO<sub>3</sub>F was 0.0005 mg/l as N (MDL=0.0008), the reported value would be 0.0008 and would be flagged as out of sensor range low (-4) and coded SBL. In addition, if any of the components used to calculate a variable are below the MDL, the calculated variable is removed and flagged/coded -4 SCB. If a calculated value is negative, it is rejected and all measured components are marked suspect. If additional information on MDL's or missing, suspect, or rejected data is needed, contact the Research Coordinator at the reserve submitting the data.

Note: The way below MDL values are handled in the NERRS SWMP dataset was changed in November of 2011. Previously, below MDL data from 2007-2010 were also flagged/coded, but either reported as the measured value or a blank cell. Any 2007-2011 nutrient/pigment data downloaded from the CDMO prior to November of 2011 will reflect this difference.

The reserve was without a technician from March of 2024 to November of 2024. Due to the switch in technicians and lack of staffing during this switch, data was only collected for January of 2024. CHLA\_N, PO4F, and TDP was not determined for the January collection period.

**Sample hold times for 2024:** Samples are held at -20°C. NERRS SOP allows nutrient samples to be held for up to 28 days (CHLA for 30) at -20°C, plus allows for up to 5 days for collecting, processing, and shipping samples. Samples held beyond that time period are flagged suspect <1>and coded (CHB). If measured values were below MDL, this resulted in <-4> [SBL] (CHB) flagging/coding.

| Sample Descriptor                           | Data of analysis |               |               |               |               |               | TDP           |
|---------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|                                             | PO4F             | NH4F          | NO2F          | NO3F          | CHLA_N        | TSS           |               |
| 1/25/2024, all grabs                        | Not Collected    | 1/26/2024     | 2/5/2024      | 1/30/2024     | Not Collected | Not Collected | 1/30/2024     |
| 01/24 – 01/25/2024, diel                    | Not Collected    | 1/26/2024     | 2/5/2024      | 1/30/2024     | Not Collected | Not Collected | 1/30/2024     |
| 02/01/2024 – 12/31/2024, All grabs and diel | Not Collected    | Not Collected | Not Collected | Not Collected | Not Collected | Not Collected | Not Collected |

\*sample held longer than allowed by NERRS protocols